THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

...e Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to Amer...rican Industries, as Formulated in The Repblican National Platform.

VI. ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, TH...URSDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1902. NO. 15.

...HAT ...NOW

...HEY A... ...NG---
...ERE T... ...

...Items ... ...re and
...In Our ... ...ks
...About ...

ILL, Dec. ...rm, at
...erings and ... week;
...st year, 24... ...or the
...9,000 lbs.

...coats at Webb B...
...s' overcoats and r... ...bb Bros.
...e best 50 cent hors... ...in town,
...Webb Bros.

Mrs. G. C. Shugart ... ...lwaukee,
...ednesday.

Engman has a full l... ...man socks
and rubbers.

Overshoes, felts and ... at Webb
Bros.

George Blanchard, ...ake, was in
Antioch, Wednesday ...

Don't forget our li... ...0 and $3.00
wool pants. Webb ...

L. W. Rowling, ... Villa, was in
Antioch, Wednesda...

Underwear that ...wear at prices to
suit at Webb Bros. ...

All the common ... window glass on
hand at Beswick's. ...

W. H. Scherf w... Chicago passenger
Monday morning. ...

A. Tobiason was ...acting business in
Chicago, Monday. ...

Dec. 8, 1902—... and settle up with
Webb Bros., by ... 1903.

D. A. and E. B... Williams were in Chi-
cago, Monday, b...

Mrs. Chambe... is the
guest of Mrs. D... .

Engman's sh... re for rubbers, boots
and shoes and ...thing in the footwear
line.

Re... n's ad in another ... for the
un... ...e has to offer. ...

...our ... now. We have
... time to get them for you by
...as. Beswick, Photographer.

...al from Antioch were at the County
...esday, as witnesses in the Smith-
...rse case.

Birdlia Webb returned home, Sun-
day after a two weeks visit with friends
and relatives here.

...d new lot of picture moulding just
... all of your pictures framed at Bes-
...k's, the only place in town.

Mil... es T. Lamey, of Barrington, Ill., and
Ator... of the Barrington Review, was a
aller... at our office on Monday.

Mr... John Cribb, who has been attend-
ing c... college at Rockford for some time is
spend... ding a short vacation at home.

A... N. Tiffany left Tuesday, for Wauke-
gan, ... where he is in attendance at the Dec-
emb... er meeting of the Board of Supervisors.

W... Write to Alden, Bidinger & Co., Wau-
kega... an, Ill., for prices and terms on new
and ... used pianos and organs. 6tf

H... Henry Hegeman has been confined to
his ... home for the past week by sickness and
J. ... C. James, Jr., is taking charge of his
bu... siness.

Mrs. Chas. Ames, of Chicago, who has
been very sick at the home of her sister, Mrs.
Frank Mathews, was taken to a hospital
Tuesday, for an operation.

The Rebekah Social Club will meet at
the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Engman,
Friday afternoon, Dec. 12. Every mem-
ber is expected to be present.

A young lady was going twisting along
Kearny street in San Francisco the other day to
avoid appearance like she had a flea on her.
A newsboy with a bundle of papers ran up
behind and exclaimed: "Examiner! Examiner!"
The young lady replied; "No not till I get
home."

A traveling man stopped at a village
hotel. At dinner time he was standing
outside when the proprietor came out to
ring the dinner bell. A small dog near by
began to howl dismally. Turning to the
dog the traveling man said: "What in
thunder are you howling about? You
don't have to eat here."

For Sale— 120 acres in Kenosha County
Wisconsin farm, three miles from two rail-
roads; good soil, private lake, orchard and
small fruit, and some hardwood timber.
Improvements: 11 room house on stone
basement, stock barn, combined hay barn
and table, piggery, cow barn, combined
ice and milk house, granary, chicken
coop, wood, buggy, tool and wood sheds.
Fenced and crossed fenced, drove well and
wind mill, running water in kitchen and
barn yard. Abstract furnished showing
clear title. Price $10,000. cash or time.
J. Mackin, 75 N. State St. Chicago.

Boys' mitts and gloves at Webb Bros.

Winter caps for boys and men at Webb Bros.

Go to John Engman for Christmas slippers.

Overcoats that are warm and stylish at Webb Bros.

Uncle Joe Rinear is confined to his home with a bad cold.

Wind and water-proof coats at Webb Bros., mens' furnishere.

H. A. Radtke was transacting business in Chicago, Monday.

Pictures in pastel, water colors, oil, carbon and everything in the picture line at Beswick's. Call and see them before buying Christmas presents. Everyone welcome.

The house owned by the Knickerbocker Ice company at Powers lake was burned to the ground Wednesday night. It was occupied by J. F. McKesson and family who were absent at the time.

Lost or strayed from pasture— A half-blood, 2 year old Holstein heifer with horns strayed from the Cole Little farm, about Nov. 25. Finder please communicate with G. DeWitt Stanton, Antioch. 14w2

Having decided to enter into the furniture business in Antioch, on west side of Main street known as the R. D. Emmon's building, I would thank all who are intending to purchase furniture to call and get prices and examine goods. Very respectfully yours, L. B. Grice.

Farm for Sale— A good fr... buildings un-
ing of 70 acres with all good ... on, situated ½
der a high state of cultivati... Antioch, bor-
mile from wide awake city o... near modern
dering Cross Lake on south ...endid opportun-
schools and churches, ... fine home. For
ity for ... particulars inquire of O. J. Hill,
terms ... Hoyne Ave. Chicago.
483

In the boiler explosion accident at the stock yards in Chicago last week, W. T. Wells, brother of Dr. D. G. Wells of McHenry, was one of the many who miraculously escaped death. He was burried in a heap of hot bricks, sustaining a compound fracture of the right leg. His hands were badly burned in digging his way out and he was otherwise hurt. He was taken to Mercy hospital.

Having sold my farm, I will sell my entire stock of Pure Bred Poland China Hogs at my residence in Diamond Lake one mile west of Leithton Station, on the Wisconsin Central Railroad, on Wednesday afternoon December, 17, 1902. Six Sows bred for March farrow all recorded; my Breeding Boar "Lake Monarch" 66819, 18 Spring Gilts, 3 young Boars, ready for service; also 75 pure bred Barred Plymouth Rocks.
H. N. Maxham.

At the meeting of Oleson Camp R. N. A. the following officers were elected: Orical, Mrs. W. Smart; Vice Orical, Mrs. C. Thorn; Recorder, Mrs. A. B. Johnson; Receiver, Mrs. W. Runyard; Marshal, Mrs. C. Powles; Chancelor, Mrs. R. Johonnott; Inside Sentinal, Mrs. B. B. Hiserodt; Outside Sentinal, Mrs. J. Engman; Board of Manager, Miss Alice Emmons; Examining Physician, Dr. Ames. It was also decided to send Mrs. K. K. Cass as delegate to State Camp.

At the International stock show on Monday in the Percheron class of horses, Pour Quoi Pas, the Fowler farm Stallion, of Lake Villa, won the purple ribbon from stallions of all classes and acquired the title of champion stallion of all ages By the decision of the eminent judge who placed the ribbons, Lake County has the distinction of having sent to Chicago this year the finest specimen of horse flesh in the world. Frank T. Fowler has sold the fine Percheron stallion to McLaughlin Brothers, of Columbus, Ohio.

The bazaar given by the Ladies Aid Society and held at the M. E. church on Friday afternoon and evening was a decided success, both socially and financially. The booths were filled with articles both useful and ornamental, most of which found a ready sale. At four o'clock a bountiful supper was served for which about two-hundred and fifty tickets were sold. At about eight o'clock the Tom Thumb wedding was given. The little tots each did their parts exceedingly well and much credit is given to Miss Lillie Watson who had the program in charge. A little over one hundred dollars was cleared, and the Society is to be congratulated on its success.

For Sale or Rent— I offer for sale or rent my farm consisting of 180 acres, situated 3½ miles southwest of Antioch and near Grass Lake post office, including over 1000 feet of very desirable lake frontage, fine beach and an abundance of shade trees, is subdivided into lots of 50 feet frontage and about 300 feet in depth. The farm is in a high state of cultivation. Two dwelling houses, five good wells, an orchard of 100 trees bearing choice fruit, an excellent location for dairying and stock-raising. For ... and terms enquire of or address ... A. Blunt, Grass Lake P. O. Lake ... 14w4

DOINGS AT THE CAPITAL

AN INTERESTING LETTER FROM A CORRESPONDENT

The Trusts Will Receive Needed Legislation---A Statehood Bill Will Also Be Reported.

As if to demonstrate its complete approv... gress has al of the President's message, Con... came such immediately gone to work to f... has indi- trust legislation as Mr. Roosevelt ...eemed wise cated as desirable. As it is d... a tax feat- to embody in the proposed law... purpose of ure, not particularly for the ...er that there raising revenue, but in ord... constitution- may be no question as to the... has been deter- ality of the enactment, it h... e Committee on mined to permit the Hou... report the law. Judiciary to frame and ... actively engaged The committee is already ...sentative Littlefield on the trust bill of Repr... aken as a basis and of Maine having been ... reported by the sub- having been favorably ... it was first referred. committee to which ... bill in its present shape

Mr. Littlefield's ... publicity which the Pres- provides for that ...uated as so desirable, by re- ident has desig... corporation or similar insti- quiring every ... a capital stock in excess of tution with ... make annual returns showing $500,000 important data concerning its busi- all the ... to the Interstate Commerce Commis- ness, ... It further provides for a tax of 1 per ...ent, on all stock issued in excess of what is regarded as actually paid up in cash or its equivalent. While the Interstate Commerce Commission will conduct the details of enforcement the Attorney General is instructed to prosecute all cases which the Commission reports as failing to comply with the provisions of the law. Suitable penalties are, of course, provided for in- ractions. In this connection, the bill of Representative Hepburn which provides for an appropriation of $500,000 to enable the Attorney General to adequately prosecute such cases against the trusts as he may deem it necessary to bring, becomes the utmost importance.

Most of the republican leaders of the Senate have signified not only their willingness to further anti-trust legislation in accordance with the President's recommendations, but predict that such a law will be enacted. Senator Hour has said that he feared the short session would not afford an opportunity to do the subject justice but, if a satisfactory law is passed by the House, it is not likely that the Senator from Massachusetts will stand in its way.

Senator Lodge has introduced a bill providing for the reduction of the tariff on imports from the Philippines, from 75 to 25 per cent, of the Dingley rates. This bill is in entire accordance with the views of Secretary Root and Governor Taft and will doubtless become a law. It is further regarded as paving the way for greater liberality with Cuba. Another important measure effecting the Philippines, which Senator Lodge will bring in at an early date, will provide for a gold standard in the islands. Vice-Governor Luke Wright, who is in Washington, speaks in glowing terms of American administration in the islands and states that, when the two bills referred to have been enacted, the Philippines will experience an era of prosperity heretofore known in the islands.

The only cloud on the republican sky is furnished by the Omnibus Territorial bill. Senator Beveridge and his committee after looking over the territories, reported the bill with the recommendation that only Oklahoma be admitted to statehood. The New England senators all oppose the admission of the territories but many of the western republicans believe that it will be a mistake to refuse admission as republican sentiment is growing to the south, and, with the personal popularity of the President to incite it, together with the fact that the republican party fathered their statehood, it would be easy to make of the three territories steadfast adherants of republican principles. Senator Quay has by no means given up the fight he has been making in favor of the territories and theae promises to be a sharp contest on the floor of the Senate before the matter is disposed of.

The Senate Committee on Military Affairs has favorably reported the Militia Reorganization bill, which was introduced by Representative Dick and passed by the House at the last session. This bill was originally drawn in accordance with the views of the Secretary of War and provides for the organizatiod of the "reserve military strength" of the nation. Briefly, it provides for the drill and armament of the militia in accordance with the regulations prevailing in the regular army. It permits the President, in time of war or emergency, to call on the governors of states for military assistance and permits the ...f the state forces as entireties, without seperate enlistments or commissions. It provides for a reserve force of those who have served in either the regular army or the militia, who shall meet from time to time for drill and camp service and for a roll of officers who, having served for a certain time shall pass an examination and be certified as worthy of commissions when such are required.

Senator Proctor has brought in the Army Reorganization bill, drafted by Secretary Root, and which is a modification of the bill introduced last year for the same purpose. It provides for the command of the Army by a general staff, instead of by a single lieutenant general as is now the case The Secretary of War has succeeded in overcoming the opposition which last year attended this measure and it is said to attend an excellent chance of enactment.

The Secretary of War is being beseiged, these days, by President James J. Hill of the Great Northern Railway, and by the representatives of the Atchison, Topeka & Sante Fe and the Southern Pacific systems, all of whom are looking for a contract for the transportation of troops across the Pacific. It has been determined to abandon the Government transport service and the private companies are all anxious to secure the contract.

Officers of the Volunteer Fire Company

The regular meetings of the volunteer fire company will be held at the town hall on the second Monday of each month at 7 p. m. The annual meeting will be held on the second Monday in May. The officers elect for the year 1902, are as follows:

Chief Fire Marshal	C. R. Thorn
First Asst. Marshal	B. F. Van Patten
Second Asst. Marshal	E. L. Simons
Captain Hook and Ladder	John Drury
Captain Bucket Brigade	Chas. Powles
Captain Fire Pump	W. R. Williams
Captain Hose Line	E. Lewis
Nozzle Men	H. Billett, F. Pitman, Jr
Fire Detective	M. J. Huber
Overseer of Property Rescued	J. Isbester
President	W. R. Williams
Vice President	E. L. Simons
Secretary	C. M. Confer
Treasurer	F. K. Shotliff

Home Patronage.

Antioch merchants are well-stocked with holiday goods. Invoices are being received daily and no town in this part of the state can show a better or more varied line of holiday wares than can the merchants of Antioch. On account of the prospect of a busy holiday season in this town the merchants placed heavy orders and will have stores full of the choicest articles for holiday buyers.

Every holiday buyer in Antioch should plan to inspect the stocks of the home merchants early and often. Remember that your home merchant helps to build up our city and that he deserves your patronage. He pays a large share of the taxes helps along every movement for the benefit of the city, gives to the poor and needy, and is entitled to the patronage of the Antioch people.

There is no consistant reason why Chicago merchants should be patronized to the detriment of our own merchants. The latter is the person to whom you go for a favor and for help when we need assistance. He aimes to carry as complete a line as the trade will warrant and can order anything you may desire at as low a figure as the same can be purchased anywhere, while in some cases you can buy cheaper than in Chicago.

Then there is the principle of standing by our home merchants and being loyal to our own city. Now is the time to practice this principle when the holiday season is at hand. See to it that Antioch merchants receive every dollar of your purchases you possibly can direct toward them.

Death of August Hanke.

August Hanke a prosperous and respected farmer and citizen, died Saturday morning, at 9 o'clock, Nov. 29, at his home two miles south of Wilmot, Wis. The deceased was 63 years old, and was a native of Gleitsic, in Pomerania, and was born May 13th, 1839. He emigrated to America in 1867, living in Burlingtin, Wis. two years until 1869 when he was married to Miss Bertha Zudha, Oct. 29, and settled upon the farm where he has since resided.

He owned the farm he lived on, which is close to the river just south of the Illinois line, and also a house in Wilmot, which was built last winter.. It was his intention to retire from agriculture, but sickness overtook him before his plans were carried out. He had been under medical supervision since early spring.

A wife and six children, three boys and three girls survive him. They are: William, Otto, Albert, Mrs. Martha Copper, Mary and Anna, The funeral occurred at the Lutheran church, in Wilmot, Tuesday afternoon, Rev. Busack officiating.

Call not back the dear departed,
Anchored safe where storms are o'er;
On the border land we left them,
Soon to meet and part no more.
When we leave this world of changes,
When we leave this world of care,
We shall find our missing loved one
In our Father's mansion fair.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to thank the many friends for expressions of sympathy and the kindness rendered during our late bereavement.
The Hanke Family.

TRACK LAYING ENJOINED

WAUKEGAN STREET R. R. FIGHT IN THE COURTS

The Controversy Over the Right to Lay Double Tracks on Washington Street Ends Street Riots.

The fight over the electric-railway track in East Washington street ceased temporarily at noon Tuesday, when Sheriff Powell served on Superintendent Mauck of the Chicago & Milwaukee Electric railway the temporary injunction against laying the track, that was issued by Judge C. H. Donnelly. At 10:30 o'clock, before the injunction had been served, Superintendent Mauck and a gang of laborers reached and started to lay the second track at the scene of the water throwing of Saturday. At once a crowd gathered, looking for trouble. The city police were on hand and ordered the workmen to desist, which they did after considerable parleying and the arrest of one man.

The Waukegan, Fox Lake and Western Co. secured a temporary injunction before Judge Donnely, restraining the C. and M. people from laying a track on the north side of Washington street between County street and Sheridan Road.

Frost must move his single track on Washington street between County street and Sheridan Road, to the location prescribed by his franchise which provides that the north rail of the track shall be three feet three inches south of the center of the street.

As frost has ten days to do the work it would seem to a man up a tree that he had better be tending to this matter instead of grasping for more, else his cake may turn to dough and the people have arrived at the stage where they are anxious to see Frost get the worst of it.

The concensus of opinion is that the C. and M. peoples action was merely as a feeler to get the matter in court, which is of course the proper place to settle the existing difficulty.

The ordinance revoking the C. and M. Electric's alleged double track rights on Washington street east of County street passed by the Council Monday night was signed by Mayor Finer at his home within a half hour after its passage.

Antioch Entertainment Course.

Dec. 19 Frank C. Bruner, of Chicago, will give his celebrated lecture "The Brown Button."

When only fifteen years old he enlisted for three years, or during the war, in the Ninth Illinois cavalry, and served until the close of the rebellion. He was promoted for gallantry in the noted Hood campaign in December 1860. He has a notable military record. He is a veteran a son of a veteran, and a grandson of a veteran, his father and grandfather and himself all being in the war of the rebellion on the Union side, each of them serving in Illinois regiments. He has been department Chaplain of Illinois, and was Chaplain of the Third Illinois Volunteers in the Spanish American war, one of the best equipped regiments in the state, and was elected chaplain-in-chief at Buffalo, Aug. 27, 1897. He is in the prime of life, is a member of Meade post, No. 444, of Chicago, and is a general favorite with his comrads.

This is what Dr. Russell H. Conwell has to say, who has made $250,000 in lecturing and has no peer on the lecture platform. He is president of Temple College of 7,000 students, and pastor of Grace Baptist church of 3.000 members, Philadelphia, Pa.,: I heard Rev. Frank C. Bruner, of Chicago, at Laurel Park, Mass., and never heard a man who could so successfully interest the veterans of '61.—Russell H. Conwell.

Frank C. Bruner delivered a lecture, which for pathos, feeling and oratory, was never before equaled in this place, and during the delivery of this fine discourse his audience was held spellbound and tears flowed down the furrowed cheeks of aged sires who wear "the little brown button" Bloomington Leader.

He began with the early history of the nation and followed out the story of its atonement up to the present. His word pictures were vivid. His referance to the Revolutionary war, and especially to Valley Forge, was strikingly eloquent. His tribute to the flag was an outburst of eloquence that fairly held the audience spellbound. His lecture was over an hour in length and was attentively listened to throughout.—Champaign News.

Single admission 25 cents. Let all who love eloquent platform address or the heros of 61-65 hear Dr. Bruner Dec. 19 at the Methodist church.

Telegraphy taught thoroughly and quickly. Greatest demand for telegraph operators ever known. We can place all graduates in excellent positions. Total cost, six months' course, tuition (telegraphy and typewriting) board and room, $32. This can be reduced. Write us today. Dodge's Institute, Valparaiso, Ind. 9w8eow

A PIONEER PASSED AWAY

Ira R. Webb Died at His Home Tuesday Night at the Advanced Age of 79 Years.

Ira R. Webb, a pioneer and one of our oldest and highly respected citizens, died at his home in this city Tuesday night, aged 79 years.

Mr. Webb had been ailing on account of his advanced age for a year or two and his death was not unexpected, nevertheless it came as a shock to the immediate family and entire community where he was highly respected by all who knew him.

He was born in Herkimer county, New York, and came to this county many years ago and settled on a farm near Hickory where he had resided up to a few years ago when he moved to Antioch where he had associated with the welfare and prosperity of our city.

He leaves a wife and six children to mourn the loss of a devoted husband and father. The children are George H. and Chase of Antioch; R. B. Webb, of Crystal Falls, Mich.; Mrs. Boyland and Mrs. Will Hodge, of Antioch, and Mrs. A. H. Stephens, of Virginia, Minn. He also has a brother, Christopher Webb, who resides at Hickory.

The funeral will be held at the Christian church Friday, Dec. 12, at 11:00 o'clock, and interment will be at the Hickory cemetery.

Elgin Creamery Sold.

Negotiations were completed late last week through the American Trust and Savings bank of Chicago, receiver for the Elgin Creamery company, whereby the assets and business of the company were purchased by the Fox River Butter company of Aurora, for a sum said to be the largest ever passed in a similar deal. Arrangements were also made with Cobe & McKinnon, recent purchasers of a portion of the creameries from the receiver, thus passing the business intact to the Aurora company.

Obadiah Sands, who up to the time of the failure of his company in August was known as "king of the butter business," was a unique figure in his line. Operating as he did nearly one hundred and fifty creameries, and cream gathering plants scattered through the dairy sections of Illinois, Wisconsin and Iowa.

C. S. Kilbourn, president of the Fox River Butter company, states that the business of the Sand's company will be continued and the output of plants shiped in regular channels as "Sands Pure Cream Butter" temporarily at least and until the necessary modernizing of method can be accomplished.

This purchase gives the Fox River Butter company controle of some of the finest creameries in the United States, and one of the largest businesses in the world.

The Sand company's general offices and distributing station on South Walter street Chicago, will be continued until a suitable building can be erected at Aurora where the entire business will then be handled.

For Lake County.

Secretary Shaw's estimate of appropriation required for this year, which was transmitted to Congress Monday, bears among its items one of $280,000 for the purchase of 110 acres of land adjoining Fort Sheridan military post, and laying between the post on the Chicago & Northwestern railroad, required for sites for additional buildings necessary for the accomodation of the increased garrison and for drill ground.

The Secretary's estimate also contains the $245,000 item for the continuing contract for constructing Waukegan's harbor and $10,000 is included in the estimate for the establishing of a light and fog signals at the Waukegan breakwater which is to form a part of the new harbor improvement.

To Increase Navy.

Congerssman Foss, chairman of the House committee on naval affairs had an extended conference with the President about naval matters, and especially respecting the lack of officers to man the big fighting ships properly.

Mr. Foss has a plan for the increase of the number of naval officers with which the President is favorably impressed. It is that Congress enact a law doubling the number of cadets annually appointed to the naval academy at Annapolis during the period of twelve years, making appointments every two years instead of every four years as at present.

The Secretary of the Navy is said to also approve of this plan.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT.

Oats	26@28c
Corn—70 lbs. ear	
Hay	$6 00 @ $10 00
MILL FEED.	
Bran	$16 00
Middlings	17 00@20 00
Gluton	20 00
Oil Meal, per 100 lbs	1 75
Chicken Feed Wheat	1 25
HOGS.	
Hogs—Live weight	$5 50
Hogs—Dressed	7 00
POULTRY.	
Turkeys	13c
Ducks	11c
Geese	11c
Chickens—Live Weight	9c

The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, - - - ILLINOIS.

EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Excitement has been caused by the discovery of a natural gas well two miles west of Livingston, Mont. The well apparently is of great proportions. The gas is declared to be of superior quality. The country is being staked off in every direction.

Major E. F. Eckersley, of the British army, passed through Memphis the other night for Lathrop, Mo., where the British government has concentrated 100,000 mules and horses which have been purchased to restock farms in the Transvaal. The shipment of the animals will begin on Jan. 15.

A locomotive fell thirteen feet through a wooden bridge on the upper levee in St. Paul, Minn., and Vincent Strommen, of that city, the fireman, was killed by being buried beneath the engine. The engineer, W. J. White, escaped by jumping. He was seriously injured and it is not believed he will recover.

Miss Oriel Gould of Alpena, 19 years old, was baptized in Doan brook at Gordon Park, Cleveland, within sight of Lake Erie, during a fierce storm, when the temperature was down almost to zero. Elder O. B. Thomas of the Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints officiated.

A gigantic trolley trust, aiming at the control of the traction systems of almost the entire East, with many lines in the West and South, is in process of formation, with Connecticut as the base of operations and the Interstate Trolley Company, recently incorporated in New Jersey, as the central power.

In Omaha Judge Munger in the Federal Court appointed Edgar F. Hastings temporary receiver for the W. R. Bennett company, which operated a large department store in the city. It is said the petition for a temporary receiver is made to enable the company to settle with creditors. The store will remain open.

A. B. Marston, assistant general manager of the Texas Pacific Coal Company, of Thurber, Tex., died suddenly at the Stillwell Hotel in Pittsburg, Kan. He fell to the floor in convulsions while playing billiards, and expired a few minutes later. A coroner's jury and post-mortem developed that death was caused by poison.

The great dam across the Nile at Assouan, which will enable the irrigation and the fertilizing of many hundred thousand acres, was formally opened Monday by the Duke and Duchess of Connaught. This dam, with the barrage at Assiout, has cost the British government many millions of pounds and is regarded as the greatest engineering feat of the age.

The last spadeful of earth that separated the two gangs of workmen digging the two sections of the big water works tunnel under Lake Erie at Cleveland was removed the other day. After six years of continuous labor the tunnel is practically completed. Its purpose is to supply the city with pure water from an intake crib five miles out in Lake Erie. Since the work began fifty lives have been lost through explosions and other accidents. The tunnel is 100 feet below the bottom of the lake. It is nine feet in diameter and 26,000 feet in length. When fully equipped its capacity will be 200,000,000 gallons of water a day. The construction of the tunnel cost $1,250,000.

BREVITIES.

Rudyard Kipling has arranged to spend the winter in South Africa.

Thomas Tobin of Fair Haven, N. J., was killed by being blown from a train near Middletown.

George Bear, the Indian, was hanged at Sioux Falls, S. D. No sign of weakness was shown by Bear.

In the riots which occurred recently at Rostoff, Russia, the troops fired on the workmen, killing twenty of them.

A six-story manufacturing building at 62-66 Canal street, Chicago, occupied by several firms, was burned with $135,000 loss.

The Age of Steel, a St. Louis trade paper, has been purchased by a Chicago corporation, of which Williard A. Smith is president.

The Masonic Temple at Laconia, N. H., was burned, following a terrific explosion. The loss is $125,000 and is almost total to the occupants.

The coasts of England is devastated by fierce gales, and considerable loss of life is reported. There is intense suffering among the poor of London.

Midshipman Reginald Thorne Carpenter, a member of 1904 class, died at the naval academy hospital, Annapolis, Md., from typhoid-pneumonia, which he contracted in November.

An income of $18,369,163 for foreign missionary work is reported in the annual summary of Protestant foreign missions of Rev. E. E. Strong, editorial secretary of the American board, made public in Boston.

The Metropolitan Magazine and the New York Morning Telegraph have been purchased from the receiver for $100,000 by Col. George Harvey, president of Harper & Brothers and the proprietor of the North American Review.

It is announced in Omaha that the Great Western had carried its point against the Union Pacific in the matter of securing entrance to that city over the Union Pacific bridge, which is owned by the Bridge and Terminal Company.

Muriel Nelson, the English actress, composer and professional violinist, has been granted a divorce from John Stewart Baird, who is an instructor in a large English college and is well known in educational circles throughout Great Britain.

Serious delay to municipal and government work is likely to occur by the failure in Boston of the contracting firm of F. G. Coburn & Co., one of the largest firms of its kind in the East. The liabilities are estimated at $150,000. The assets are about $62,000.

As the result of an attempt to go to sleep in a trunk, which they closed over themselves and were unable to reopen, John Allen, Jr., the 6-year-old son of John Allen, a resident of Anchorage, Ky., is dead, and his 8-year-old sister is in a very serious condition, though she will recover.

EASTERN.

Thomas B. Reed, former Speaker of the National House of Representatives, died at the Arlington Hotel, Washington.

Mary L. Greenleafe, 66 years old, sister of the poet Longfellow, died at her home in Cambridge, Mass., after a brief illness.

The steamer Saxon of the Boston and Philadelphia Steamship Company was burned at her dock at Philadelphia. The vessel is a total loss.

Crossed wires started a fire at Allentown, Pa., which destroyed the wholesale dry goods store of Bittner, Hunsicker & Co. Total loss $170,000, insurance $112,000.

Verdict for $100,000 damages against New York Central road as result of death in Park avenue tunnel disaster is said to be largest award on record for death or disability.

A skiff containing Charles Love, aged 32 years, and John Rock, aged 16 years, went over dam No. 6 on the Monongahela river near Rice's Landing, Pa., and the occupants were both drowned.

The Pickering Manufacturing Company, at Lowell, Mass., announced its failure, with liabilities of upward of $300,000. The company makes all grades of knitted cotton underwear.

One man was killed and five others seriously injured at the works of the Sharon Steel Company at Sharon, Pa. The accident was the result of a "flash" from an open hearth furnace.

At Laconia, N. H., fire destroyed the Masonic temple at a loss of $150,000. The insurance is less than $90,000. Besides the temple a tenement-house and a livery stable were destroyed.

Sixty-two pounds of dynamite exploded, wrecked the chapel and columbarium of the Philadelphia Crematory Society, killed the superintendent, Howard E. Keillig, and mixed the ashes in 200 urns.

The warehouse and office building of the Lucent Oil Company, of which William F. Young is president, at Philadelphia, was badly damaged by fire. The loss is estimated at $75,000, partly insured.

The commission for designing and erecting a $20,000 monument in Pittsburg to Col. Alexander L. Hawkins of the Tenth Pennsylvania volunteer regiment was awarded to William Couper, a sculptor of New York.

B. W. Loring, first lieutenant United States navy, retired, died at Owego, N. Y. He witnessed the assassination of President Lincoln and was one of the first to reach the stricken man and help carry him to the house where he died.

Howard T. Goodwin, treasurer of the banking and brokerage firm of Cassatt & Co., committed suicide in Philadelphia by shooting. He was found dead in the firm's office in the Arcade Building. No cause is known. He was 32 years old.

The Eagle Valley tannery at Ridgway, Pa., was destroyed by a fire caused by an explosion of natural gas in the engine-room. The loss on the building is estimated at $75,000 and that on the stock of leather and hides at $250,000 to $300,000.

A blizzard swept along the Atlantic coast, wrecking shipping and causing much suffering in the cities. Several lives were lost. In New York traffic was badly crippled. Telegraph and telephone systems throughout New England were deranged.

A fire which started during the night in the village of Newport, N. J., did much damage. The general store of State Oyster Commissioner Riley was burned. An unoccupied hotel, a livery stable and other structures were food for the flames.

An Italian became insane on a Pennsylvania train as it pulled out of Lancaster, Pa., en route from Pittsburg to Philadelphia. He bit off the thumb of one of the passengers and created terror for hours before the trainmen could capture and tie him.

Dickinson Hall, the big recitation building of the academic department of Princeton University, narrowly escaped being burned to the ground. It is thought that some one dropped a lighted cigarette in the hallway and that the woodwork took fire. The loss is $3,000.

The bodies of two men were found in the ruins of the fire at the lumber yard of L. S. Johnson & Co. in Boston. The victims were Theodore C. Graves of Roxbury, of the firm of Graves & Phelps, furniture manufacturers, and G. K. Pratt of Roxbury, employed by Graves & Phelps.

George Dickinson, alias Wescott, the burglar who was arrested in Philadelphia after a desperate fight with a policeman and who was discovered by detectives to be a robber by night and a business man by day, was tried and convicted and sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary.

Harry Wright, an employe of a locomotive works in Paterson, N. J., died as a result of a practical joke played on him by five of his fellow workmen. It is alleged that they "blew up" Wright with a pneumatic air pump, having a pressure of 110 pounds to the inch. The boy's stomach became gradually distended and after several hours of great suffering he died.

WESTERN.

Fire in K. G. Schmidt's brewery, in Chicago, partly wrecked the plant and caused a loss of $50,000.

A head-end collision occurred on the Pan Handle Railroad at Coshocton, Ohio. One man was killed and five injured.

The Ohio valley stove manufacturers, at a meeting in Columbus, Ohio, decided to increase the price of stoves 5 per cent.

John F. Byrnes & Co. of Chicago have been awarded the photographic concession at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

The Missouri Supreme Court sentenced William Gatlin and Charles Gurley, both negro murderers, to be hanged Jan. 8 next.

Fourteen men were suffocated in an insignificant fire that broke out in the four-story Lincoln European hotel at 176 Madison street, Chicago.

Diamonds and jewelry valued at $2,000 were secured by porch-climbing burglars, who gained entrance to the home of Mrs. M. M. Welles, 3366 South Park avenue, Chicago.

City Marshal Felipe Baca of Socorro, N. M., shot and killed David Baca, a prominent citizen, at the Windsor Hotel. There had been trouble of long standing between the men.

The Pacific Coast Limited, west bound on the Rio Grande Western Railroad, ran into a huge rock slide two miles east of Westwater, Utah. One trainman was killed and two injured.

Robbers broke into the postoffice at Rocky Ford, Colo., and dynamited the safe. They took only money, and Postmaster Young refuses to say how much was taken. There is no clew.

Aged Sam Carson was found dead in his hut far up in Santa Monica Canyon, Cal. He had been bitten by a spider. Carson was about 83 years old and claimed to be a son of "Kit" Carson.

Hegorle & Gothman's bank safe at St. Bonifasius, Minn., was blown open by robbers, who secured $500 in cash and several thousand dollars in coin, lying on top of the safe, was overlooked.

The ninety-ninth anniversary of the formal transfer of the Louisiana Territory to the United States at New Orleans, will be celebrated by the world's fair officials in St. Louis Dec. 20.

Henry Nicolaus, millionaire brewer and director in the Suburban Railway Company, was acquitted of the charge of bribery at St. Louis. Judge Ryan ordered the jury to acquit Nicolaus.

The sudden shifting of the main channel of the Missouri River to the Iowa side has left Nebraska City, Neb., without a water supply. The electric light plant is shut down, and the streets are dark.

A meager report has just reached Baker City, Ore., of an immense snowslide which occurred at Cornucopia. No details are obtainable save that two miners were killed and an immense amount of damage done.

Twelve men are missing and are thought to have perished, while a score of others were more or less seriously injured by an explosion which destroyed the steamer Progreso at Harbor View, San Francisco.

At a mass meeting of citizens at the Commercial Club in St. Joseph, Mo., $16,645 was raised toward the erection of the proposed convention hall. The amount subscribed to date amounts to nearly $60,000.

Two soldiers died at Fort Terry, Wash., after drinking a punch in which were mixed thirteen bottles of bay rum, one bottle of hair oil, one bottle of witch hazel, some vanilla extract, a little sugar and some lemons.

Captain Edward K. Holton, aged 61 years, retired capitalist and veteran officer of the Loyal Legion, committed suicide by shooting at his home in Westminster place, St. Louis. He was a victim of melancholia.

Frances E. Brooks, Republican, for Congressman-at-large from Colorado, has 840 plurality over Alva Adams, Democrat, and in the First District John F. Shafroth, Democrat, has 2,702 plurality over Robert W. Bonynge, Republican.

In Cleveland while members of the fire department were still fighting the flames in the ruins of the Likly & Rocket factory a portion of the wall fell in upon members of engine company No. 14, burying them in the debris. One fireman was killed.

Within a few days the Swope Park Fair Grounds and Racing Association will be incorporated in Kansas City with a capital stock of $250,000. Ground will be purchased north of Swope Park. Upon this ground a race track, grand stand and stables will be built.

In St. Louis, Benjamin Wagner shot and killed his nephew, D. W. Bair, and then blew out his brains. Six weeks ago Bair was married and Wagner grew melancholy because his close association with Bair was thereby somewhat severed, and the tragedy resulted.

The cold wave caused intense suffering among the poorer and even the fairly well-to-do classes in Omaha on account of the lack of coal. There was no anthracite to be had. Two Omaha schools and a large number of schools throughout the State were closed on this account.

Mrs. Carrie Nation is in jail in Topeka, Kan., on the charge of disturbing the peace. She was forcibly ejected from several drug stores and one of the most prominent hotels in the city. Some saloons let her walk in, and as she was closely watched she attempted no smashing.

The five-story brick manufacturing building occupied jointly by Likely & Rockett, trunk manufacturers, and the Bardons and Oliver, Lathe Turret manufacturers, was destroyed by fire at Cleveland. The loss is probably $100,000, with no accurate estimate of insurance.

The Mead building, a five-story brick structure at State and Main streets, Rockford, Ill., was destroyed by fire. It was occupied by the Wortham Brothers & Co. department store and the Rockford Business College. The loss is estimated at $275,000, with an insurance of $250,000.

Correspondence intercepted and found in the possession of three men who arrived in McPherson, Kan., recently and were charged with robbing the postoffice at Galva, leads the local police to believe the men belong to a regularly organized band of safe crackers operating out of Chicago.

Captain George Wellington Streeter of Chicago, erstwhile governor of the "District of Lake Michigan," mariner, discoverer, squatter and thespian, and his co-defendants, William McManners and Henry Hoeldtke, were found guilty of manslaughter, and punishment was fixed at imprisonment in the penitentiary.

After two days of trial, Charles J. Denny, a wealthy brewer and director in the Suburban Street Railway Company, formerly a member of the House of Delegates, charged with perjury in connection with the suburban bill "boodle" deal, was found guilty at St. Louis and his punishment fixed at two years in the penitentiary.

United States District Attorney Earl M. Cranston has filed suit in the federal court against the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad Company and the contractors furnishing it with ties for its road. The object is to compel an accounting for timber alleged to have been cut illegally from government land in the southern part of Colorado.

President King announced at chapel services at Oberlin, Ohio, the offer of $50,000 just received to form a part of a new $500,000 fund for the increased endowment and greater equipment of Oberlin College. The gift came as a surprise, as it was entirely unsolicited by college officials. The donor refused to allow his name to become known.

At Hancock, Minn., fire burned an entire frame block except one building on the corner. The losers are L. B. Wheeler, jeweler; I. T. Tollifson, druggist; Stone, Munroe & Stebbins, furniture and hardware; Dr. C. L. Gates, office and contents; Herman Schlieps, saloon, and E. A. Dutcher, grain and land office. The loss is $25,000, and half insured.

The Bridger Bank at Bridger, Mont., was robbed and a sum believed to be over $10,000 taken. There were three men, one holding the horses while two raided the bank, overpowering the cashier and a friend with him. The alarm was given and the robbers brought to bay in the rocks of Sand Creek canyon by a posse, but they escaped during a wait for reinforcements after a lively exchange of shots.

Annie McMahan, a domestic employed at Springfield, Mo., hotel, was found dead in a upper room. William Pittman, an employe of the Frisco shops, slightly wounded, asserts that the girl in a jealous frenzy shot him and then committed suicide. Despite that the girl had been locked the door. Pittman was held for investigation.

Secret service operatives raided a house in Detroit, Mich., and arrested Frank McTague and Neal Hunard on the charge of counterfeiting. The officers caught Busenbark and Hunard working with the molds. Thousands of dollars' worth of spurious silver dollars have been circulated in the neighborhood of Detroit. Thirteen sets of molds for silver dollars were found, together with a fine plating machine.

SOUTHERN.

Earl Whitney, of Nashville, Tenn., was found guilty at Lexington, Ky., of the murder of A. B. Chinn, merchant, and his punishment fixed at death.

The "board of honor" settled the trouble between Captain F. C. Wilson and John Sullivan Schley of the Savannah (Ga.) militia. The latter withdrew his challenge and Wilson apologized.

During a gale that blew over New Orleans the home of Prof. John D. Denier on Metairie ridge was blown down. Denier was fatally and his wife dangerously hurt. Denier is well known in athletic circles. At one time he was widely known as a clown.

Dr. Gordon B. Moore, professor of philosophy at Furman (Baptist) College, Columbia, S. C., was asked by the trustees to resign. His teachings are alleged to be unorthodox and almost heretical. The students have decided to leave in a body if Dr. Moore is removed.

The Court of Appeals at Frankfort, Ky., for the second time reversed the judgment of the lower court in the case of ex-Secretary of State Caleb Powers, sentenced to life imprisonment for alleged complicity in the murder of William Goebel. The court divided on party lines, the four Republican judges voting for a reversal and the three Democratic judges dissenting.

A passenger train on the Queen and Crescent Railroad ran into a box car that had blown on the main track at Sunbright, Tenn. A fireman and express messenger are supposed to have been cremated in the fire which destroyed the mail car, baggage car, express and two passenger coaches. The remains of a negro tramp have also been found in the wreck. No passengers were hurt. Two locomotives were demolished.

FOREIGN.

Thomas Nast, famous American cartoonist, died of yellow fever at Guayaquil, Ecuador, where he went recently as consul.

A fire in Denny's shipbuilding yards at Dumbarton, Scotland, placed Lipton's challenger, Shamrock III., in danger, but the craft was saved.

It is reported in Budapest that Lieut-Keglevich made a bold but unsuccessful attempt to rescue Princess Louise of Coburg from Lindenhof asylum, near Dresden.

Premier Sagasta of Spain has resigned. He had an audience with King Alfonso, at which he presented his resignation and intimated that the step was irrevocable.

From the Guatemalan coast the Pacific Mail steamer City of Sydney brings the news that the deaths resulting from the recent eruption of Santa Maria volcano number about 3,000.

The French Chamber of Deputies has ratified an additional monetary convention between France, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland, authorizing each country to issue additional silver coins to the value of $2,500,000.

United States Minister Buck died in Japan while at the imperial duck shoot. The cause of his death is supposed to have been apoplexy. Another report says Mr. Buck's death was due to heart failure. The hunt was in the suburbs of Tokio.

The price of rice has been broken in Manila and the native operators have insured the supply of this foodstuff at reasonable rates. The Philippine commission, when a rice famine was threatened at the beginning of November, appropriated $2,000,000 Mexican, and quietly purchased upward of 20,000 tons of rice in India and on the Asiatic coast to be sold to the sufferers at a cash price which it was thought would cover just the cost. This has prevented the threatened corner.

IN GENERAL.

Sir Hiram Maxim, British inventor and gunmaker, will start for the United States soon to begin flying machine experiments that will extend over two years.

United States navy began war game in Caribbean Sea; Rear Admiral Sumner's fleet sailed from Trinidad to effect landing on American West Indian possessions; Admiral Higginson's fleet on guard.

The proposed consolidation of the lead manufacturing companies of the United States is approaching completion. It is understood that under the plan of consolidation the National Lead Company will become a holding as well as an operating company. The National is now capitalized at $15,000,000 preferred and $15,000,000 common stock.

The schooner Jesse Drummond was wrecked by the storm on Lake Ontario. Her crew of seven people was rescued by the life-saving crew at Coburg, Ont. The Drummond, with a cargo of 600 tons of coal, left Oswego Saturday, but was forced to seek shelter at Charlotte. She left Charlotte Wednesday, and ran for Coburg. In the blinding gale the vessel stranded in the full sweep of the seas. The boat was worth about $4,000 and was owned by Herb Milne of Oakville, Ont.

CONGRESS.

On Tuesday there were two events of interest in the Senate, the swearing in of Gen. Russell A. Alger as Senator from Michigan and the presentation of the President's annual message. Upon the conclusion of the reading of the message, which occupied one hour and fifteen minutes, it was ordered to lie on the table and be printed. A concurrent resolution offered by Mr. Morgan (Ala.) providing for the printing of a compilation of bills and debates in Congress relating to trusts was referred to the committee on printing. A number of bills and resolutions were introduced following a brief executive session. The resignation of Rev. W. H. Milburn, the blind chaplain of the Senate, was received, but no action was taken on it. At 1:50 p. m. the Senate adjourned out of respect to the memory of the late Charles H. Russell, Representative from Connecticut. In the House the session lasted one hour and forty minutes. One hour was consumed in reading the President's message, which was referred without objection to the committee of the whole House on the state of the Union. The deaths of Representatives De Graffenreid and Sheppard of Texas, which occurred during the recess, were announced, and after adopting the customary resolutions of regret the House adjourned as a further mark of respect to their memories.

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The Senate on Wednesday began the real work of disposing of the business before it. When an adjournment was taken at 1:30 o'clock out of respect to the memory of Representatives De Graffenreid and Sheppard of Texas the bill to amend the immigration laws was under discussion. Early in the day Mr. Nelson, from the committee on territories, reported a substitute for the omnibus statehood bill with the recommendation that Oklahoma and Indian Territory be admitted into the Union as one State under the name of Oklahoma. When the immigration bill was brought up Mr. Gray precipitated a discussion over the merits of the statehood bill, which was stated aside by a ruling from the chair terminating Dec. 10 it would be the that be business and that at the closunfinished day it would be laid being hour each unless displaced by a fore the Senate. The House passed vote of that body, $50,000 to defray the bill to appropriate the anthracite coal strike the expenses of the arbitration commission and then journed until Friday. There were two hours of discussion on the commission, during which sion creating the the President's course in appointed commission was highly cept by Mr. Burton, a Missouri Democrat, who contended that the commission was created without authority of law or constitution. There was some criticism of the feature of the bill allowing double salaries to members of the commission now in government employ and also because the bill left the amount of the compensation of the members to the President, but all amendments were voted down. The bill was passed without division.

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The Senate was in session Thursday one hour and five minutes, most of which time was spent behind closed doors. After the reception of a number of bills and petitions and the adoption of a concurrent resolution calling on the President for the papers in the Pious fund case, recently arbitrated before The Hague tribunal, Mr. Beveridge had read the resolutions adopted by the delegates to the Oklahoma non-partisan convention favoring the admission of Oklahoma and Indian Territory as one State and opposing the House omnibus statehood bill. The Senate then went into executive session, and at 1:50 adjourned until Monday. The House was not in session.

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The House devoted Friday to bills on the private calendar. The most important bill passed was one to adjudicate in the Court of Claims the claims of certain importers of steel blooms, who between 1870 and 1882 paid customs duties equivalent to 45 per cent ad valorem, when, it is claimed, the correct rate should have been 30 per cent. About $350,000 is involved. A bill to pay Smithmeyer and Pelz, architects of the Congressional Library, $50,000 additional compensation was defeated.

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Immediately after the reading of the journal the House on Saturday entered upon the consideration of the pension appropriation bill. Mr. Barney (Wis.), in charge of the measure, explained that the appropriations it carried, aggregating $130,847,000, were practically identical with those for the current year, and that it contained no new legislation. The bill then was passed without a word of comment. Bills were passed to increase the maximum period in which live stock can be confined in cars without unloading from twenty-eight to forty hours; to grant right of way for telegraph and telephone lines in Alaska; to increase the size of homesteads in Alaska from eighty to 320 acres; to set aside certain lands in South Dakota as a public park to be known as Wind Cave National Park; for the relief of certain settlers upon Wisconsin Central Railroad and the Dalles military road grants.

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The Senate on Monday adopted all the committee amendments to the immigration bill, with the exception of one prescribing an educational test and also the action of the committee in striking out section 36, prohibiting the sale of intoxicants within the capitol building, and then laid aside the bill until Tuesday, and passed three unobjected pension bills. The amendment fixing a $3 head tax on each immigrant coming into the United States furnished the principal topic for debate. In the House resolutions in memory of former Speaker Reed were read and the House adjourned as an additional mark of respect.

In the National Capital.

Elections committee of the House decided not to investigate Virginia elections.

Republican Senators have organized to oppose statehood for New Mexico and Arizona.

Republican leaders are said to have agreed against attempting tariff legislation, but anti-trust law declared certain.

Secretary of the Treasury promises to decide upon a plan to relieve importers and jobbers in tea of the congestion owing to changes in the tax.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

New York. We... provisions... tant... last week in the... cessive rains in some... Southwest, facilitating... heavy footwear, over... lines, while seasonable... at other points increased... of winter wearing apparel... ences, together with... ling trade in food products... tail dealings very large... and wholesale trade... and manufacturing... far ahead, but in... shortage retards... going is from the... of R. G. Dun & Co.

Railway officials... fort to relieve... pecially in the... thus far this... provements... maintaining... ceeding last year's... those of 1900 by 10... ed at higher... the advances in... ings.

Inquiries for... gent as the scarcity... Furnaces are added to... there is full occupation... in the country, but the... not perceptibly improved... mands high premiums... needs of consumers, and... held at an abnormal... sumers' supply.

Even foreign... at specified dates... been placed abroad... eries. It is clear that... continue to exceed... many months to come.

Failures were... less severe in the various... aside from structural steel... equipment. Many projected... mileage, improvements in... increases in rolling stock... at the shops for months... chinery houses, boiler works... of heavy hardware are... with orders, and practically... tion of the iron and steel... rectly in control of sellers... purchasers having to make... cessions. Minor metals, on... hand, are generally weaker, and... pecially depressed. Silver... falls to much the lowest price... the intrinsic value of a silver... ing about 30 cents.

Bradstreet's Grain Exports.

Bradstreet's weekly report... Wheat exports aggregate 2,... Corn must 243,381 last week... els, and 4,801,000 in 1903... last year exports are 2,707,... fiscal year 153,817 last season... against 1,000... 881,561 in 1...

Chicago. The week brought no changes of great importance in the general business outlook. The most favorable feature was the turn in the weather, which, coming just before the holiday season, seemed doubly seasonable. Merchants who had been complaining of dullness in lines of early winter merchandise, found trade somewhat improved. Holiday buying has begun, and the jobbers report orders containing a very satisfactory proportion of Christmas goods.

The Northwest is doing a good business in all lines. The week brought the first authentic reports of damage to winter wheat by the Hessian fly, which had moderately stimulating effect upon prices, serving to hold the market steady. The local elevator companies have been able to take in wheat of late with the result that conditions here are slowly working back to normal. With an increase of 1,396,321 bushels this past week, Minneapolis houses are now carrying 7,064,995 bushels of wheat, of which 3,145,824 bushels is No. 1 northern. While this is very light for Minneapolis stocks at this date, it is a gratifying showing compared with that of a short time ago when there was scarcely a two weeks' milling supply of wheat in store.

THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, $4.40 to $6.50; hogs, shipping grades, $4.25 to $6.70; sheep, fair to choice, $2.00 to $3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 72c to 73c; corn, No. 2, 52c to 54c; oats, No. 2, 27c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 47c to 48c; hay, timothy, $8.50 to $13.50; prairie, $6.00 to $12.50; butter, choice creamery, 24c to 28c; eggs, fresh, 20c to 21c; potatoes, 40c to 40c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, $3.00 to $6.00; hogs, choice light, $4.00 to $6.15; sheep, common to prime, $2.50 to $3.50; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 72c; corn, No. 2 white, 42c to 43c; oats, No. 2 white, 32c to 33c.

St. Louis—Cattle, $4.50 to $5.00; hogs, $3.50 to $6.25; sheep, $2.50 to $3.80; wheat, No. 2, 67c to 68c; corn, No. 2, 42c to 44c; oats, No. 2, 30c to 31c; rye, No. 2, 47c to 48c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, $4.50 to $5.50; hogs, $4.00 to $6.35; sheep, $2.50 to $3.25; wheat, No. 2, 76c to 77c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 56c to 57c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 33c to 34c; rye, No. 2, 51c to 52c.

Detroit—Cattle, $3.50 to $6.25; hogs, $3.00 to $5.00; sheep, $2.50 to $3.50; wheat, No. 2, 78c to 79c; corn, No. 3 yellow, 50c to 51c; oats, No. 3 white, 33c to 34c; rye, No. 2, 51c to 52c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, 73c to 74c; corn, No. 3, 52c to 53c; oats, No. 2 white, 32c to 33c; rye, No. 1, 50c to 52c; barley, No. 2, 64c to 65c; pork, mess, $15.10.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 76c to 77c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 42c to 43c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 31c to 32c; clover seed, prime, $6.80.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, $4.50 to $6.50; hogs, fair to prime, $4.00 to $6.50; sheep, fair to choice, $3.25 to $3.75; lambs, common to choice, $4.00 to $5.40.

New York—Cattle, $4.00 to $6.40; hogs, $3.00 to $6.10; sheep, $3.00 to $3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 76c to 77c; corn, No. 2, 63c to 64c; oats, No. 2 white, 36c to 37c; butter, creamery, 25c to 28c; eggs, western, 24c to 27c.

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

WHAT EXPANSION IS DOING FOR THE FILIPINOS.



Uncle Sam's scouts in the Philippines are getting fat. Difficulty is being experienced in supplying them with correct fitting uniforms. Colonel C. F. Humphrey, at Manila, has called the department's attention to the fact that they have fattened so rapidly that their uniforms fit them too soon. Government tailors will be instructed to allow for expansion.—News item.

K SHOW.

EXHIBIT HELD AGO.

on Has Eclipsed Event Which Has terest Through-

manifest all over w of the National Association given n Chicago. There from every part of ibition of pure-bred ntest ever seen in year's show was a e of even last year. f 1901 in which the veral hundred thou- nt to see it, and the owed that over 125,- ut of the city vis- there has been an the attendance, and timates that there 00,000 visitors from ates.

great interest in bet- he West of recent rs have not been con- cattle, as they have red stuff brings more more trouble to raise ades. The settling up and much to do with ranges have been cut st areas where cattle ds have been changed e western range cattle



COW "ROBERTA."

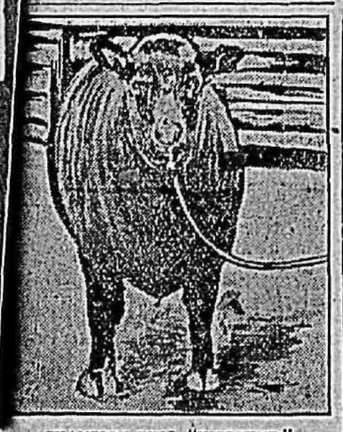
rely disappearing. With e western cattle there est in better bred stock, Pure-Bred Live Stock tering this interest and k raisers all over the in breeding high-grade s of this association are



ARCHERON HORSES ON SHOW AT LIVE STOCK EXPOSITION.

already manifest, as large numbers of farmers who formerly were content to raise scrub stock are now raising the best grades, and all because of the efforts put forth by officers of the association.

The show was doubly interesting this year because of the handsome new Record building just completed. This is a commodious exposition structure, suita-



CHAMPION BULL "VISCOUNT."

ble to the needs of an annual live stock show, a building that has been badly needed for some time. There is ample room in it and it has been built with an eye to affording the best possible exhibition facilities. The building is modern in every particular and is ornamental as well and cost $100,000. The structure was dedicated Governors' day of the exposition, which took place Wednesday. That day was one of great interest, as Secretary Wilson presided at the dedicatory exercises and the Governors of many States were present. Secretary Wilson made an address and several farmers also made short talks. Chicago was crowded with men interested in live stock. Much interest in the show was exhibited in Omaha, Kansas City, Sioux City and other Western packing centers.

Educationally the international exposition has taken a foremost part in American institutions. Not only are the developments and tremendous advancement of the live stock industries of the United States and other civilized countries revealed in animate and practical demonstration, but the great advantages to farmer, breeder, grower, exporter and consumer of a superior breed and quality are undeniably presented. The beneficial effects of the exposition are felt in every direction and the actual results of the original movement are of proportionate magnitude.

There is a broad plane of operation and enlightenment for the agricultural college student in the experiment and development of the natural forces in all sorts of farm products, the animal industry forming one of the most important items, but the actual world for such study is readily recognized in the international exposition, with the result of the keenest appreciation and active interest. Competitive exhibits were made by the respective institutions, large delegations of students and faculty arrived the first day and remained for the final event, and many students entered for the judging contests, where the knowledge of the real article and excellence of judgment were thoroughly tested.

This year the competitions were open to the farmer boy also. It has been asserted by many visitors that the great display, competitive events and general character of the exhibitions leave an impression with the boys that is lasting and effective. Contentment has followed dissatisfaction with the uneventful farm life, and throughout the length and breadth of the land the farm lad devotes his best energies and keen ambition to preparing candidates for the international contests.

RUSH TO THE SOUTHWEST.

An Army of 300,000 Persons Has Entered It in a Year.

At the rate of many thousands a month men are pouring into the Southwestern States and territories to find a new home where the sod is yet fresh and golden opportunities to accumulate wealth are to be found. In the past year it is estimated that fully 300,000 persons went into the Southwest.

It is estimated that there were 300 new towns started in Oklahoma and Indian territories alone during the past three years, and most of them are in thriving condition. In the first place there were 8,000,000 acres of free land in these two territories to be settled upon by the whites. This has been consumed, and those settlers who are going in now do not hope to secure free land, if they can but get it at a reasonable price.

No more free land remains to the home-seeker. The cheapest to be had ranges from $5 to $6 an acre in Indian territory and Oklahoma, but Missouri and Arkansas offer it at the low rate of $1.25 per acre. One company in Boston has arranged for the purchase of 2,000,000 acres of this cheap land, upon which they are going to plant orchards. The farmers and the fruit growers are coming from New England. Offices have been established in Europe, and colonists are going to the Southwest from all parts of the world. Trunk lines leading to the Southwest assert that Oklahoma and Indian territories and Kansas, Missouri and Arkansas will support 20,000,000 more people than are at present residing there, and that it will give to all of them a good living and an easy life.

Told in a Few Lines.

Pig lead for the keel of the new America's cup defender was supplied by a Kansas City manufacturer. The vessel is being built at Bristol, R. I.

The Standard Oil Company has declared a quarterly dividend of $10 per share payable Dec. 15. The dividend for the same quarter last year was $8.

The board of managers of the Kansas State Soldiers' Home at Dodge City, has purchased a half section of land for the institution. There are now 121 old veterans there.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Great Care Taken that Its Information Shall Not Leak Out.

One government matter which is treated with the utmost possible secrecy from the time it leaves the hands of the President until it is ready for Congress and the public at large is the preparation of the President's message. The preservation of absolute secrecy regarding the contents of the message is most essential, inasmuch as advance information as to the recommendations to be made would in many instances be of the greatest value to speculators on the stock market and certain business interests. Despite the number of men who aid in the handling of the document at the big print shop, however, there has been no violation of confidence in recent years. During the Hayes administration a message was stolen from the printing office and sold at a price popularly supposed to be many thousands of dollars, but the theft has never been repeated.

As a means of preserving inviolate the contents of the message while it is in the printing establishment the plan is adopted of placing with a single official the entire responsibility for the message from the time it is delivered at the printing office until it emerges in pamphlet form ready for delivery at the White House. The average presidential message ranges in length from 12,000 to 20,000 words, and when this is parceled out to the typesetters it is cut up into pieces so small that no compositor can gain any definite knowledge of the subject under discussion, and the work is so distributed among hundreds of typesetters. The assembling of all the various tiny masses of type is entrusted to one man of known reliability, and likewise only old and trusted employes are permitted to have a hand in the printing and binding of the pamphlets. As an extra safeguard, the workmen engaged upon the printing of the message are compelled each evening to account for every sheet of paper which has been issued for use on the presses. The printed copies of the message are taken, upon completion, direct to the White House offices and the only copies which are permitted to leave the hand of the office force prior to the day of the opening of Congress are those which are given in confidence to the representatives of the newspapers and press associations with the understanding that no extracts from them shall be printed until the message has been read to Congress.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

Cornell University announces that courses in its next summer session will be geography and underlying sciences. This will be the first American summer school of geography.

The New York Teachers' Association has decided to establish courses of advanced study for its members, and will be incorporated so as to hold examinations and award degrees.

Prof. Francis Kelsey, head of the Latin department of Michigan University, underwent an operation for encysted liver, a disease of which this is the eighteenth case on record in the world.

The Chinese government has made provision for sending a number of Chinese students to American colleges at government expense. Upon their return those successful in examinations will receive government positions.

A complete revolution in school procedure and in school building is predicted by Prof. Armstrong, head of the education section of the British Association for the Advancement of Science. The school, he says, will soon be modeled on the workshop and a great part of the time spent at the bench with tool in hand. Nature's workshop will also be used and provision made for physical training and outdoor exercise. The present method of spending hours daily in recitations and book study, he said, was stupid.

The University of Michigan has introduced a new course on the theories of annuities and insurance. This is the first attempt of any university in this country to treat the mathematical or actuary side of insurance.

It is announced that students who have received the B. A. degree at any college without studying Greek may enter Yale and receive the M. A. degree without being obliged to make up this study. These students may also enter the senior class at Yale and graduate at the end of a year without studying Greek.

REFERENDUM IS DEFEATED.

Voters of Illinois Fail to Indorse Proposition at Polls.

According to the view taken by the State board of canvassers the referendum propositions submitted at the last election have been defeated and are without effect so far as influencing the action of the coming Legislature is concerned. Up to the present time it has been supposed that the propositions carried because of the preponderance of the yea over the nay vote cast on the proposition, but the official canvass indicated that this is not the case. When the figures on the vote had been compiled it was found that while the propositions had a majority of the votes where the voters had expressed themselves, neither could muster a majority of the votes cast. Secretary of State Rose said the propositions should have a majority of all the votes cast to be of effect and announced that he would report the propositions as defeated. In this he was supported by the opinion of the Attorney General, in which the treasurer and auditor acquiesced. Of course, the vote is merely directory and not mandatory in any event, but the officials hold that it is without even this element unless it is the expression of the majority of those who vote at the election. The number of votes for Treasurer was 859,975 and is the greatest number of votes cast at the election. Therefore, a majority vote on the proposition from the standpoint of the board would be 429,988. On the initiative and referendum proposition the vote was: Yes, 428,460; no, 87,054. On the local option proposition it was: Yes, 390,072; no, 83,377. On both these propositions a majority of the voters failed to go on record either one way or the other. The proposition in favor of electing Senators by direct vote of the people went through. The vote on this was: Yes, 451,319; no, 70,976; majority, 374,344, and a majority of over 20,000 of all the votes cast at the election.

BOY MURDERS HOTEL OWNER.

Charles Ethridge Kills John Kesner After Row Over Sunday Dinner.

Charles Ethridge, aged 18 years, shot and killed his employer, John Kesner, owner of the Western Hotel at Pocahontas. The killing took place on the main street of the town and was due to a quarrel over the Sunday dinner. Ethridge concealed himself behind a tree in front of Springer's drug store and waited the approach of Kesner, who, with J. L. Neifhart, McCune Ward and Albert Reitz, was crossing from the other side of the street. Kesner, who was in the lead, evidently did not see the boy. When Kesner was within twelve feet of him young Ethridge took deliberate aim and fired one shot from a double-barreled shotgun loaded with No. 6 shot. Kesner received the charge full in the face and breast and fell to the ground, asking who his assailant was. As Kesner fell his three friends started to his side, but Ethridge, who had reloaded his gun, raised it to his shoulder and cried: "Stand back or I'll shoot you, too." For several minutes the boy stood guard over his victim, permitting no one to go to his relief. Several citizens finally closed in on Ethridge from behind and disarmed him. There was strong talk of lynching, but the judgment of cooler heads prevented any demonstration. The shooting followed a trivial quarrel which took place between Kesner and Ethridge an hour before, when Kesner reprimanded Ethridge for his failure to get some ment for dinner.

WAUKEGAN MAY GET SCHOOL.

Chances for Securing Naval Training Station Seem to Be Good.

Reports from Washington and other points are quite favorable to the location of the proposed naval training school near Waukegan. D. L. Rearburn, a government surveyor, who has for three weeks been investigating the various sites, has returned to Washington with voluminous data. He made a geological survey of two tracts of land on the lake shore south of Waukegan, the Connolly and Ferry properties. In the former survey he included Joseph Downey's tract, which has in it a deep ravine, and Pettibone's creek, which particularly attracted the commissioners. It is not believed that another site offered has been given such close examination as these two, and this is deemed an indication that one of them is likely to be chosen.

MADMAN KILLS HIS KEEPER.

Attendant at Watertown Asylum Is Stabbed by a "Trusty" Patient.

Guy Miller, an attendant at the Illinois western hospital for the insane at Watertown, died from the result of a knife wound inflicted by Peter Bertiline, a "trusty" patient, and a jury exonerated the asylum officials of blame. The fatal attack was made when Miller was engaged in overseeing the work of cleaning the tables of the dining rooms. Bertiline, who is an Italian and speaks English with difficulty, quarreled with another of the patients and seizing a bread knife attempted to stab him. Miller jumped between the two and received a knife wound, expiring four hours later from internal hemorrhage. Bertiline was overcome and disarmed after a desperate struggle. Miller's home is in Independence, Iowa. He was 24 years of age and had been employed but a short time. Bertiline was considered cured and was to have been released from the hospital on parole shortly. An attempt will be made to convict him of manslaughter.

TEASING CAUSES A MURDER.

Well-Known Illinois Horseman Kills Man Who Annoyed Him.

Grove Tisdale of Oregon was stabbed at Rock Falls by John Temple and died a few hours later. Temple said that Tisdale had been teasing him for some time and that it had become unbearable and aroused his anger, in which he killed his annoyer. Temple is one of the best known horsemen in the northern part of Illinois.

SELECTS AN ILLINOIS JUDGE.

President Will Put F. M. Wright on Court of Claims Bench.

The President has decided to appoint Judge Francis M. Wright, now judge of the Circuit and Appellate Courts of Illinois, to the vacancy on the Court of Claims caused by the death of John Davis. Judge Wright was indorsed by the Illinois delegation in Congress. Judge Wright's home is in Urbana. He became especially prominent when John P. Altgeld was Governor of his State. It was Judge Wright who charged the Champaign County grand jury that indicted Gov. Altgeld and trustees of the University of Illinois for violation of the Illinois flag law. Judge Wright was born in Adams County, Ohio, in 1844, and at the age of 17 entered the Union army and served with the Thirty-ninth Ohio volunteer infantry until mustered out in 1865. He was admitted to the bar after a course in Cincinnati law school and moved to Champaign County in 1868.



JUDGE WRIGHT.

Victim of Mysterious Assault.

Max Braun, claim agent of the East St. Louis and Belleville Railway, was the victim of a mysterious assault near his home at Edgemont. He was brought home by a man who said he had found him on the road. His skull had been fractured by a blow with a club. He is in an unconscious state. It is believed that revenge prompted the assault, as he had been threatened on account of claims against the company. The doctors say he cannot recover.

State News in Brief.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis J. Hammond celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding at Joliet.

Family troubles are supposed to have caused Mrs. Ellen Mayberry, near McLeansboro, to end her life by hanging.

William Dickinson, aged 77 years, the wealthiest farmer near Lewiston, was thrown from his vehicle and instantly killed.

Thomas Livingston fatally wounded Miss Fannie L. Freeman, his sweetheart, and shot himself at Whitehall. Both are in a critical condition.

Mrs. Ernest Theorin of Chicago has been appointed a member of the Queen Sophia Society of Sweden. She is the only American woman who holds this honor.

Richard Daniels, a wealthy ranchman of Fort Crook, Neb., died suddenly of heart failure in the rotunda of the Wyoming Hotel in Chicago. He was 72 years old.

Michael Marek, 71 years old, of Chicago, while sitting on an iron railing in front of a store near his home, lost his balance and fell into an areaway, receiving injuries from which he died.

Mr. Martin and W. A. Wallace, Chicago; Mrs. Sarah Gilmore, Jacksonville; Mrs. George Gilbert, Nortonville; Daniel Francis, St. Louis, and Mrs. Lydia Rice, Napoleon, Mo., were injured in a wreck on the Jacksonville and St. Louis Railroad near Pisgah.

Left alone in a room at the Gault House in Chicago, Nonnie Ryan, 5 years old, was burned to death. When Mrs. Bridget Ryan, the mother, opened the door of her sleeping apartment the room was in flames and on the floor lay her child, burned almost to a crisp and dead.

James J. Rogers, who is believed to be an attorney from Boise City, Idaho, attempted to commit suicide by jumping into the Chicago river at the foot of Michigan avenue. He was rescued by a dock hand, and locked up at the Harrison street station charged with disorderly conduct.

Martin A. Gilson, postmaster at Harvey, died at his residence, of a complication of liver and kidney trouble. Mr. Gilson was prominent in political and social circles, and was one of the best known residents of Harvey. In 1900 he was appointed by President McKinley postmaster of Harvey and had since held that position. He was a captain in the First regiment of Pennsylvania volunteers during the Civil War. Mr. Gilson was 62 years old. He leaves a widow and three daughters.

The third oil discovery in Genesee township was made the other day. Strikes were accidentally made several weeks ago while drilling for water. The latest discovery was made twelve miles north of Sterling on the David Slick farm. Oil spouted from a hillside, and later it turned to gas. The gas was ignited and flamed high into the air. Oil pockets have been discovered in various parts of Genesee township, as well as coal. A forest has been discovered buried seven feet under the surface of the earth.

The railroad and warehouse commissioners have begun hearing the evidence to be presented for and against a reduction in the freight rates in this State. Many shippers from Bloomington, Pontiac, East St. Louis, Decatur, Springfield and Quincy were present. All the large railroads were represented by their best attorneys. They made a vigorous objection to a reduction, but the shippers produced documentary evidence and oral testimony to prove that for equal distances and the same commodity the same railroads charge less in adjoining States than in Illinois.

The board of trustees of the soldiers' orphans' home in Bloomington made public a report on a recent investigation of cruelty charges made against the keepers. The report completely exonerated the administration of Superintendent McCauley and declared the charges to have been without foundation. The board also made public the estimates for the biennial appropriation by the Legislature. In addition to the sum of $65,000 annually set apart for the ordinary running expenses the board asks for the establishment of the cottage system instead of a single main building.

CROPS THRIVE IN ILLINOIS.

Weather Bureau Reports Conditions for November Generally Good.

The Illinois weather bureau has issued a crop and climate bulletin for November. It follows: Unseasonably warm weather prevailed over the State until the 25th or the 26th, when a change to decidedly cooler occurred in all sections, and the temperature remained in the vicinity of the freezing point from that time until the close of the month. The rainfall was ample and well distributed over the northern and central districts throughout the month, and good opportune rains fell in the southern district during the last ten days. The month as a whole was very favorable for all kinds of farm work, though in a few localities the ground has been too dry and in others too wet for plowing. Wheat is reported to be in exceptionally fine condition in the northern half of the State and in fair condition in the southern. The acreage was greatly reduced in the northern and central districts, due, correspondents state, partly to fear of Hessian fly, but mostly to the delay in plowing and seeding caused by unusually wet weather in the fall. In the southern portion of the state the early sown wheat is injured to a considerable extent by the Hessian fly and in some counties by rust. The condition of rye is everywhere excellent, but the acreage of this crop, too, is less than it would have been had more favorable conditions for plowing and seeding obtained in the fall. The work of securing the corn crop is still in progress, but nearing completion, and favorable reports as to the yield and quality continue. Some of the ears are still soft and some fodder too damp to shred, while further slight injury from molding and growing in shock is reported in some parts of the northern and central districts.

FRESH TROUBLE FOR EQUALIZERS

Attorney May File Mandamus Suit to Compel New Assessment.

The troubles of the members of the State Board of Equalization at Springfield were increased when William Prentiss, a Chicago attorney, filed a statement with the board which practically means another mandamus suit similar to the one instituted against the board two years ago by the Chicago Teachers' Federation. Attorney Prentiss seeks to lay before the equalizers information that will assist them in arriving at the values of certain Chicago corporations. It is understood that Mr. Prentiss will file a mandamus suit to compel the board to reconvene and make another assessment of the corporations in question in the event the first assessment is not made according to his ideas. As the capital stock committee and the railroad committee already have fixed upon the assessments of all the corporations in question, it is practically certain that the mandamus case will be instituted. The thirty-seven corporations in Mr. Prentiss' list include the five "L" roads, four light and telephone companies, four street railway companies, the sixteen subsidiary lines of the Union Traction Company, and the following miscellaneous corporations: Knickerbocker Ice Company, Street's Western Car Stable Line, Diamond Match Company, the Pullman Company, Armour & Co., Chicago Title and Trust Company, A. Booth & Co., Chicago and Milwaukee Electric Railway Company.

BURGLAR FATALLY WOUNDED.

Surprised While Ransacking Home of W. H. Tobey and Shot by Policeman.

While attempting to escape from a house which he had robbed B. L. St. Claire, a colored chef, formerly employed in Evanston, was shot and fatally wounded by Policeman Edward A. Jamison of the Evanston police station. The man had a revolver in his hand when shot, and the policeman probably owes his life to the failure of the robber's weapon to go off. The shooting took place in the rear of the residence of W. H. Tobey, while St. Claire was leaving the house with jewelry valued at about $500. Mr. Tobey and his wife returned home early in the evening and found their residence lighted up. Mr. Tobey at once telephoned the police, but before the patrol wagon arrived Policeman Jamison was informed that an intruder was in the house. Walking to the rear of the house the policeman encountered the burglar at a distance of ten feet. He called on the man to halt, only to see the burglar aim a revolver at him. Without hesitation Jamison drew his own weapon and fired.

ILLINOIS LIVE STOCK EMBARGO.

Governor Issues Proclamation Against New England and Other States.

Gov. Yates has issued a proclamation scheduling the States of Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Maine, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania and the provinces of Quebec and Ontario and prohibiting the importation of cattle, sheep and other ruminants and swine from the scheduled territory into the State of Illinois, except in accordance with regulations specified by the State live stock commissioners. The proclamation is issued at the recommendation of the commissioners, and is to protect the State against the contagious foot and mouth disease which has appeared in some of the scheduled States.

BROCKMAN IS FOUND GUILTY.

Sentenced to Prison for Thirty-five Years for Killing Sweetheart.

In the Brockman murder trial at Hillsboro Brockman testified that he did not shoot his sweetheart, Gertrude Clifford; that the shooting was the carrying out of their agreement to commit suicide. Judge Dwight refused to let him testify that the woman shot herself. Medical experts gave contradictory opinions as to his sanity at the time of the shooting. The trial was concluded Saturday. The jury returned a verdict of guilty and he was sentenced to the Chester penitentiary for thirty years. He was taken to the penitentiary the same evening.

THE NEWS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

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ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

Henry Clews, the veteran New York financier, who has been through all the panics of his generation, rotating from millionaire to bankrupt and back again, several times, continues to urge conservatism in speculation. Exports of domestic produce are showing satisfactory gains, yet the favorable trade balance thus promised is being counterbalanced by phenomenal imports of foreign merchandise. The latter movement promises to continue for some months. It is a natural result of high prices on this side of the Atlantic and low prices on the other, as well as the utter inability of some of our industrial establishments to satisfy the home demand. It is by this means in all probability that normal conditions will be restored. Present high prices of stocks and merchandise cannot continue indefinitely. It is simply a question of time when increased supplies will intervene and turn the current downward. This has already occurred in the case of securities, of which there is an excessive supply overhanging the market, and the same will eventually hold true in the merchandise markets. Just now however, demand exceeds supply in many of the commercial markets, and consumption is being greatly stimulated by recent advances in wages. Meanwhile the railroads are overburdened with traffic, and gross earnings continue to increase. Increasing expenses, due to the rise in wages, increased cost of coal and other raw materials, are, however, making serious inroads upon the profits of railroads and industrials alike. It may as well be taken for granted that the period of high profits are over, and sooner or later values will have to be adjusted accordingly. This is not a pessimistic view, but simply a recognition of facts as are. It is just as well to realize that the sooner the country and its industries get upon a normal basis the better, and the more stable our status will become.

Every pothouse politician, every catchphrase sage, every candidate for bankruptcy has a cure for the trusts. We have faith enough to believe that by patience, wisdom and deliberation the errors of our rapid commercial advance may be corrected without killing our wide prosperity. Anyone can kill, it takes a surgeon to cure.

Mr. Roosevelt is the only literary man who ever broke into the Presidency. We have had others who could write English, notably Jefferson and Cleveland, but their works were distinctly along the lines of statecraft.

Hey, diddle, diddle!
The Henderson riddle!
The Cannon took on a boom,
There was Littlefield for Dalzel sport.
But Babcock gets more room.

Wouldn't it be well if all the critics of Booker Washington did as much for humanity, white, black or yellow, as that noble man is doing.

Miss Democracy will continue to look for the man under the bed for a long time. The only burgular likely to disturb her repose has gone into academic retirement.

We need more politicians of the Roosevelt class, young men of brains, brawn and honesty who will work more for honor than for pelf.

The democrats have revised "Learn to labor and to wait" and it now reads "Learn to work Labor while you wait."

The record of volcanic activity in the present century surpasses any record for any century of the past.

The democrats will get green persimons this Christmas instead of juicy plums.

Negroes Will Reign Supreme.

An American paradise for the negro is soon to be established on Long Island. It will be known as Beulahland, and the design is to populate the colony with negroes from the Virginias, Pennsylvania and the southern states. The object is to have a cooperative colored colony. The colored man is to rule everything. Three hundred colored men and women will come from Georgia and North Carolina within a month. They will be established in portable houses capable of accommodating five persons and costing $125 each. Negroes will own and operate the factories, electric roads, electric light, gas and water plants.

Husband and Wife Die.

An inquest was held recently at Brean, near Weston-Super-Mare, Gloucestershire, England, on the bodies of Albert Clapp, an elderly fisherman, and his wife. The evidence showed that one Saturday evening Clapp had gone to fish his nets. The night was dark and foggy, and, losing his way, he stuck in the mud and was drowned by the incoming tide. Mrs. Clapp, anxious at her husband's prolonged absence, went to look for him with a lantern. She suffered from heart disease, and in her fright at not finding her husband succumbed in the mud. Both bodies were washed ashore, about half a mile apart, next morning.

The Message from the Mountain.

BY BLANCHE GREY JORDAN.

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It had been such a trying, wearing day and she was so weary, so unutterably tired. It was a blank, blank wall she faced and to-day her courage would not respond to her efforts. The weight of her affliction was so heavy and she so longed for rest. Years of gray monotony and dependence stretching their sombre lengths before her. Years of dull inaction and changeless, level existence. Her bed, her invalid chair, her room—how her horizon had narrowed. And it had appeared so broad, so beautiful, so glowing.

Two hot, searing tears stole from between the fringes of her eyes as she thought that but for that fateful ride she should even now be realizing the most luxurious dream of her life; she should be wandering through the memory mists of rich old Italy, finding an objective answer to those years of hard, ambitious preparation, which she had made. She should revel in the fact that for two years longer there would be nothing to do but to open her eyes and her heart to the impressions which travel would give and to store those impressions away to be metamorphosed later and touch the minds of others through her songs and stories. Surely if she had been broadened by this experience the small success which had met her previous work would have been warm and triumphant and she would have gained that place in the affections of a people that her ambition and her yearning love desired.

But it was gone now. The luscious dream had fallen into ashes. Long, long years! Bleak, colorless years! And she so young! Her life thus nipped and marred just as it was opening into fullest rosehood. The dull heaviness of it all oppressed her heart until the tears were weighted down and, steeped in utter life weariness, she turned her head toward the window and gazed where the pallid November sunset sank listlessly into the west.

Slightly toward the south, where the yellow hung most clear, a wooded hill arose, the bluish tenderness of the haze, which distance loves to fold around all objects, clinging softly about its base, though the trees on the summit shook back their vestments and, bare-armed and dark, raised their many hands in striking silhouette, as if performing their evening sacrifice.

Only a part of this hill and that part framed on either side by buildings near at hand, could be viewed from the window where she reclined, but there was enough to ease her eyes and her mind and to emanate a mighty vibration of peace that softly, gently, imperceptibly began to roll as incense over that unhappy heart. Silently, unconsciously it diffused its soothing beauty through her thoughts and changed their bitterness into tender melancholy. Gradually she felt her soul responding to the scene. A deep religious exaltation awoke in her breast, a strange, beautiful yearning, groping peace, a sensation that was a prayer, a longing that was an apocalypse. And life was new.

This was the beginning of an absorbing personal love which the girl learned to feel for that bit of wooded hill. It was different from the love she felt for picture or other inanimate object. Indeed the hill was not inanimate to her. It possessed a soul, a mighty soul, and it stood before her as some strong, beautiful priest that was to purify her heart for perfect love of Nature and for the Spirit that quickens and is manifest in Nature.

Every morning she longed for her first glimpse of it as some earnest souls long for the moment of secret prayer. Every evening she could not



It was a message to her.

permit the lights to be brought until the last vestige of color had faded away and the hill had resolved itself into shadows.

She learned to watch its varying moods and to rejoice in each of them. A bond of mutual understanding drew the two together. The girl caught the emotions of this bit of nature and learned to find in them the interpretation of her truest self.

Sometimes a trembling line of smoke would rise from the homes between her and the little upland and her eyes would swell with tears of love for earth's humanity.

Sometimes a storm of wind and rain would rage above its summit and she would see its firmness grow more stately and majestic as it stood in silent acceptation of what God saw fit to send.

Sometimes through the powdered violet of twilight clouds she would see the evening star blaze out above her forehead and her soul would drop to its knees in intensity of worship.

Unconsciously the noble serenity of its being grew into her own life and she became a blessing and an inspiration to every friend and acquaintance. The young gravitated to her room for happy chats for she and the hill loved sunshine; the old came there for peaceful talks, for she and the hill loved twilight. Gradually a broader culture spread through her circle, for one lived one's highest when in the presence of these two, who kept their faces so firmly turned toward the purer light of Heaven.

Once she grew very ill, and it seemed that she must leave, but as she lay weak and powerless a little neighbor's boy came. He pleaded and was admitted, and, standing timidly beside the bed, he laid a bunch of trailing arbutus upon the pillow as he said, "I found it on the hill that you can see from your window." It was a message to her and she knew that her work was yet unfinished.

Then, when she grew stronger again, with the pearlish tintings of those dainty blossoms still a part of her soul, with the perfume like the faintest sigh of an angel, still upon her, she wrote her first nature poem, not for fame this time, but from the



"I have found my work and my life is rich and full."

necessity of love. The mother found it and sent it away and when it met the eyes of a public they caught the refreshing, pungent air of truth to nature and they caught the delicate breathing of beauty exquisite.

Happy work then followed, and when fame came soon thereafter it was sweeter to the girl because it came as the benediction of the hill.

One day a sweet girl friend had come for sympathy in a new found happiness. It seemed to ennoble and sanctify her love still more to confess to this gentle priestess and to feel these poet fingers upon her hair. At last she raised her face, the blushes still showing warm in the sunset's afterglow.

"You are gaining strength, dear heart, and some time you, too, will love. But how gentle and true and noble must be the prince to chain your heart."

Softly came the reply. "I think not, dear. I have found my work, and my life is rich and full."

Her other hand dropped upon her latest book of poems, that which she called "The Soul of a Hill," and as her eyes, glowing with faith and peace and deep serenity, turned through evening's grayness toward a wooded upland, she murmured in beautiful contentment, "And 'Nature never did betray the heart that loved her.'"

BLAMED LOSS ON SHERIDAN.

Why Southern Brigade Commander Was Not a General.

At the Marlborough last night a Southerner and a New Yorker were discussing titles north and titles south, especially titles military. "Military titles south don't mean much," said the New Yorker. "Any one who desires can be a colonel, and none of your real military men are less than generals." Just then a tall, military looking man, with gray hair and mustache, wearing a sweeping frock coat and silk hat, entered the room.

"Do you know him?" asked the southerner.

"No, but he looks like a southerner," was the reply.

"That is Col. Levin Lake of Baltimore."

"A colonel, of course."

"Of course, but he disproves your claim. That man was one of the bravest leaders in the Confederate army. He was the youngest man to command a full brigade."

"How is it, then, he is not a general?"

"We will ask him," and the southerner introduced the two and put the question.

"Well," said Col. Lake, "I would have been a general, right enough, if it had not been for Gen. Sherman. He came right along, sir, on that little march of his and captured my commission. That, sir, is why I am only a colonel."—New York Tribune.

All of Them Mysteries.

The reflections of one of these wise writers who just bubble over with wisdom caught her eye.

"To be happy," she quoted, "a wife should always remain somewhat of a mystery to her husband."

"If happiness lies in that," he retorted, "all wives should be supremely happy, and marriage—any kind of a marriage—must be the gate to feminine happiness."

"But some men," she protested, "do not think woman such a mystery."

"True," he admitted. "I didn't once, but I'm married now."

STRANGE CASE OF PARRICIDE.

Inhuman Act Committed in French Dependency of Algeria.

Quite extraordinary is the parricide which is reported from Algiers, the capital of the French dependency of Algeria. Not very far from that town dwelt an old man, upwards of 112 years of age, with three of his sons, the eldest of whom is 76, while the youngest was to him, at least, a juvenile of 65 summers. The three sons felt aggrieved because their father had not gone over to the majority and left his property to them. He was, however, still hale and hearty, so they frequently exhorted him to divide his estate between them, a cool proposal which he naturally enough stoutly declined to entertain. A few evenings ago as the venerable patriarch was wending homeward with a mule cart with dates, his eldest son went out to meet, and after confronting him with a ultimatum which he rejected with contempt, pulled out a pistol and shot him through the heart. The murderer and his brothers then took flight, but they would inevitably have been captured if the gendarmes had not strained every nerve to protect them.

Mysterious City.

Sarat Chandra Das, a learned native of India, who visited Lhasa, capital of Tibet, thus describes that forbidden city: "The first time I displayed before us in 188, avenue of gnarled trees, the rays of the setting sun falling on its gilded and gilt roofs; whole city stood superb sight, the like of which I have never seen. On our left was Potala, at the end of an its towering with its lofty buildings and Chinese before us, surrounded by glazed meadow, lay the town, with and like, whitewashed houses and buildings with roofs of blue tiles. Long festoons of inscribed painted rags hung from one building to the other waving in the breeze."

Sick Blood

Feed pale girls on Scott's Emulsion.

We do not need to give all the reasons why Scott's Emulsion restores the strength and flesh and color of good health to those who suffer from sick blood.

The fact that it is the best preparation of Cod Liver Oil, rich in nutrition, full of healthy stimulation is a suggestion as to why it does what it does.

Scott's Emulsion presents Cod Liver Oil at its best, fullest in strength, least in taste.

Young women in their "teens" are permanently cured of the peculiar disease of the blood which shows itself in paleness, weakness and nervousness, by regular treatment with Scott's Emulsion.

It is a true blood food and is naturally adapted to the cure of the blood sickness from which so many young women suffer.



We will be glad to send a sample to any sufferer.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., New York.

A Bad Breath

A bad breath means a bad stomach, a bad digestion, a bad liver. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick headache.

25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers. 50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

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The time is at hand for you to be about ... ng if you want ... Xmas.
to get your pick of the choice ... ns
Here's a few Whispered ...

Bring the Chi... en in

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DOLLS that open and shut their eyes and ... ma
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GLOVES AND MITTENS of all kind, leather ... or children.
KNIT GOODS, Shawls, Facinators and garm... verybody.
SLIPPERS, Fancy Slippers for Xmas—sizes ...
Closing out Trimmed Hats ... 1-2 price in Millinery Depart... nt.

We Close at 6 p. m. every evening but Monday and ... urday.

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Drugs
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NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office at Williams Bros.' Store, ANTIOCH, ILL.
All Notarial Work promptly and accurately attended to. 27tf

MISS LELIA WILLIAMS,
Graduate of Chicago Musical College, will accept a limited number of pupils
Vocal : or : Piano : Instruction
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T. N. DONNELLY & CO.
Loan and Diamond Brokers
118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill., Between Washington and Madison.
DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY at less than cost. At half the price you pay the regular stores. Dec 19 01 yl

HOMER E. JAMISON, M. D.,
Millburn, Illinois.
Office Hours Saturday and Sunday afternoon and evenings. Telephone connection with Lake Villa and Wadsworth.

The Brooke Barlow Investment Co
has Money To Loan
on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest Inquire t29 BANK OF ANTIOCH.

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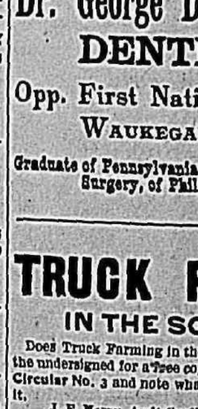
Having decided to enter the furniture business in Antioch, on west side of Main street, known as the R. D. Emmons building, I would thank all who are intending to purchase furniture to call and get prices and examine goods.

31y1 L. B. GRICE, Antioch, Ill.

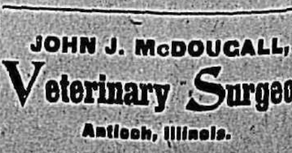
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Jewelers : and : Opticians,
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DENTIST,
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TRUCK Farmin...
IN THE SOUTH.
Does Truck Farming in the South pay? W... the undersigned for a free copy of Illinois Cent... Circular No. 3 and note what is said concerni... it.
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Veterinary Surgeon
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It May be Cold Tonight

WE HAVE THE STOVES

Air-Tight Coal and Wood Heaters
Garland Coal and Wood Heaters
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We are selling at less than present Wholesale Prices

Low Prices on Zinc Boards

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Use Weather Strips on Doors and windows

With the famous SELZ SHOES we carr... a full line of Goodyear Rubbers. The... are the Original and best for our W...ese Boots, German Socks, Mishawauka ...ool and the entire line of footwear. ...Felts

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WARM BLANKETS

...ts up. They are all right to wash and wear

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WARM UNDERWEAR

...it when you need it and have the use ...it through the long winter months. ...ung troubles can mostly be avoided by ...are. Nothing like a few ounces of warm wool underwear at right time and place.

Don't forget our

Misses Caps and Tam O'Shanters

Also elegant line

GLOVES and MITTENS

READY NOW WITH A

St. Paul Fur Coat.

A fine assortment. We are bound to sell these coats before January 1. If any one wants a fur coat our prices will do it. We are giving you $3 on every $12 Overcoat you buy. Are cheap at $15. Examine and be convinced.

Wool Lined Coats at $3.50

are breaking all record sales.

HUNTING COATS $1 50 AND $2.00.

MACKINTOSHES AND HEAVY CLOTHING

A new line Celebrated All Wool

MALONE PANTS

Winter St...
Shoes
Dress Goods
Caps
Underwear
Clothing, &c

JOINING TOWNS

From our Staff of Able Correspondents.

...KE VILLA.

...ng transacted business in ...y.

...dge and Miss E. Collins, our ...ded teacher's meeting at ...day.

...who has been at Grayslake ...ester is now at work for his ...ster.

...Douglass and Miss Nettie ...en quite sick, but we are glad ...th are on the gain.

...r. R. H. Sherwood, ... B. Hamlin and M... ...rs. H. ...t last Thursday in... Mable ...ave good sidewalk... Chicago.

The walk along ... over most ...herwood's pro... John Kerr's ...er that of D... ...perty was laid ...Mrs. Fred G... Dix.

...ons ... that they ... ...unstone write from ...e country there ... much pleased with ...in, ...e, and have decided to re-...

The Angola Cemetery society will meet with Mrs. Cora Hamlin, Dec. 16 to dinner. All members please bring calico pieces for ... Mrs. A. R. Manzer. Sec'y.

Remember that Dr. Geo. Hall delivers his lecture "The Model New Woman" at the M. E. church at Lake Villa Friday evening Dec. 12. Come and spend a pleasant evening.

A number of friends of Miss Martha Edwards gathered at her home last Saturday evening in honor of her birthday. It was a complete surprise to Miss Martha, but she soon recovered from her surprise and her guests spent a very enjoyable eve-...

At the meeting of Cedar Lake Camp R. N. A. on Tuesday the following officers were elected: Oracle, Ola Barnstable. Vice Oracle, Tessie Nelson. Recorder, Kate Manzer. Receiver, Harriet Kapple. Chancelor, Emily Kerr. Marshall, Lottie Ames. Inside Sentinal Layisa Atwell. Outside Sentinal, Sarah Brown. Manager Allie Hendricks. Examining Physician ... Jamieson.

GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

...ee Strang has gone to Waukegan where ...has taken up the trade of steam fitting.

...rs. Walter Dunlap, who is in the Lake ...e hospital at Chicago, is gaining ...dly.

...he supper given at the church on last ...rsday night by the gentlemen was a ...ded success.

...r. and Mrs. C. R. Sherman left on ...dnesday for Virginia where they will ...nd the winter.

...r. Ellison, who has been in the meat ...rket here, will move his family to Ne...ska where he has a position.

...Rising Sun lodge A. F. & A. M. had ...ir election of officers Monday night, re...ting as follows: Worshipful Master, ...as. Whitman; Sr. Warden, W. Herd; ... Warden, C. Edwards; Sec., Jos. Wil...ington; Treas., J. A. Fenlon. Other ...cers to be appointed.

...The Royal Neighbors of Mispa Camp ...d their election of officers Tuesday night ...s. J. A. Fenlon, Oracle; Vice O., Mrs. ... Thompson; Rec., Mrs. Morrill; Receivor Mrs. Longabaugh; Chancelor, Mrs. B... Manr., Mrs. C. Hendee; Inside Sen... ...rge; Seesholtz; O. Sen., Mrs. Kimb... ...nger, Mrs. Wicks; Physician, ..., Mrs. ...al; Man... ...Dr. Rickey.

MILLBUR... ...N, ILL.

Martha Youn... ...N, ILL. after two we... has returned to Chicago

Mr. Rodge... ks visit here.

day. ...rs occupied our pulpit Sun-

Mrs. Thom... from Kansas ...has Anderson and children, Geor... ...are visiting her mother, Mrs. ...ge Strang.

Irene Bain, of Somers, Wis., is visiting at R. L. Strang's

Mr. Pantall is visiting his daughter in Chicago.

Quite a number from here attended the stock show and all report a good time.

John Roberts visited with James Jamieson's over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Duncan and Dr. and Mrs. Taylor were Waukegan visitors last week.

Mr. George Stephens is slowly recovering from a recent illness.

J. A. Strang and K. L. Smith were Chicago visitors this week.

Miss Marian McDougall is visiting relatives and friends in Chicago.

Alex Thom was calling on old friends and relatives here last week.

The annual church bazaar will be held Friday evening Dec. 12. All are invited to come. Don't forget the date.

HICKORY, ILL.

Everyone should plan to attend the bazaar at the church Tuesday December 16 afternoon and evening.

Several from here attended the Stock show in Chicago last week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Pullen visited her parents in Waukegan the last of the week.

The C. I. Society meets with Miss Maude Frazier Saturday afternoon Dec. 13.

The school children are preparing for a Christmas entertainment.

Mr. Leroy Slocum has sold his farm and bought Mrs. Scoville's house where he will reside in the future.

Mr. Griffin and family moved onto their farm last week.

Rather Ambiguous.

George Seton, a London writer, has published a budget of anecdotes, one of which tells of a fashionable woman who appeared before Pope Leo in a very low-necked dress. His Holiness disapproved of the costume so strongly that he sent a cardinal to remonstrate with the wearer. The messenger made this rather ambiguous explanation: "The Pope, my dear madam, is rather old-fashioned, you know, and dislikes seeing any lady in evening dress. I, on the other hand, who have spent six years of my life as a missionary among the cannibals, am quite used to it."

Ways of the Ostrich.

An ostrich never goes straight to its nest, but always approaches it with many windings and detours, in order, if possible, to conceal the locality from observation.

BRISTOL, WIS.

Harvey Gaines went to Kenosha Sunday.

The mail carriers have secured small stoves to heat their wagons with.

Mesdames Watkins and Bishop were Kenosh visitors on Saturday.

Mrs. George Willett and Mrs. Arthur Haile visited at the county seat Friday.

The barber has changed buildings and may now be found in the old Jones building.

Miss Nugent, the popular Salem milliner held a mid-season sale at the Dixon place on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Murdoch and Mr. and Mrs. Chas Gunter visited at Paris Corners Sunday.

Rev. J. L. Lean, Presiding Elder of this Conference district, preached at the M. E. Church on Sunday morning.

Chas. Bishop and son spent several days last week in Chicago and while there attended the fat stock show.

Among those who went to the fat stock show were Elwin Stonebreaker, Martin Baur, K. K. Cass and Geo. Bryant.

The New German Lutheren minister, Rev. Meisch occupied the pulpit at Lion Evangelical Church Sunday morning.

Several of the teachers will have Christmas exercises and trees. Several schools will combine and have one grand tree.

Ted Shotliff has a new gasoline engine which will be used to pump water from his new deep well,

Miss Keogh, of Milwaukee who has been nursing the typhoid patients at F. E. Stevens, returned to the training school for nurses last Saturday.

Among those who attended the teacher's meeting at Kenosha, Saturday were Misses Cole, Rowbottom, Bacon, Castle, Murdock and Bishop.

At the Literary Society Friday evening a debate by four young men will be given. Also a general program. All are invited to attend.

Ye scribe understands that the Literary Society will give a play during the winter. It would be a success if the talent which Bristol posesses would take hold and help the society.

Arch Murdoch went to Kenosha Monday and brought out a load of hard coal for J. A. Rowbottom. This is the first coal that has come into our village since the strike.

RUSSELL, ILL.

Mr. Warner, of Chicago, spent Sunday here.

Mrs. LaPoint returned Tuesday from Milwaukee.

Miss Lila Forman spent Monday in Kenosha.

Miss Bessie Gunderson spent Sunday with Miss Etta Farr.

Mrs. Pender entertained her sister from the city last week.

Mr. and Mrs Hunter, of Richmond, spent several days of last week at Mr. Oliver's,

Mrs. Allen Dixon, of Gurnee, visited her daughter, Mrs. Winter, last week.

Mrs. Josie Larson, of Waukegan, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. E. P. Siver.

Frank Newell and Carl Douse began shredding corn last Tuesday for Mr. Peterson.

Mrs. Carpenter and daughter Grace, of Ramey, Wis., spent Thursday with Miss Corris.

The Russell school will give a Christmas festival and basket social in Reeve's hall Thursday evening Dec. 18, 1902. Ladies will please bring basket with lunch for two.

Among those that attended the Stock show in Chicago last week were Dr. Lewin, H. L. Williams, J. A. Reeves, Murrie brothers, James Douse, Free Melville, J. McNamara.

The question to be discussed at the Ideal Literary Society, next Saturday evening is Resolved that fire has done more damage than water. The speakers are, on the affirmative, Mr. Colby, Dr. Lewin Mr. Bentall and Miss Ames. On the negative, Mr. Worth, Mr. Newell, Mr. Reeves and Mrs. Colby. Everyone is invited to these meetings.

Can We Recover?

The United States has passed through many trials and calamities only to encounter overwhelming and inevitable disaster at last. Marie Corelli announces that she disapproves of America and everything American.

THEDFORD'S
BLACK-DRAUGHT
THE ORIGINAL
LIVER MEDICINE

A sallow complexion, dizziness, biliousness and a coated tongue are common indications of liver and kidney diseases. Stomach and bowel troubles, severe as they are, give immediate warning by pain, but liver and kidney troubles, though less painful at the start, are much harder to cure. Thedford's Black-Draught never fails to benefit diseased liver and weakened kidneys. It stirs up the torpid liver to throw off the germs of fever and ague. It is a certain preventive of cholera and Bright's disease of the kidneys. With kidneys reinforced by Thedford's Black-Draught thousands of persons have dwelt immune in the midst of yellow fever. Many families live in perfect health and have no other doctor than Thedford's Black-Draught. It is always on hand for use in an emergency and saves many expensive calls of a doctor.

Mullins, S. C., March 10, 1901.
I have used Thedford's Black-Draught for three years and I have not had to go to a doctor since I have been taking it. It is the best medicine for me that is on the market for liver and kidney troubles and dyspepsia and other complaints. Rev. A. G. LEWIS.

Black a Newspaper Man.

It is not generally known that ex-Gov. Frank S. Black, the triumphant counsel in the Molineux case, is a former newspaper man. After graduating from Amherest he went to Troy, N. Y., where he became a reporter on the old Whig and also the Budget. In his spare moments he studied law with ex-District Attorney Sam Foster, who took a liking to the lad and gave him a room in his house. After being admitted to the bar his success was steady and in recent years rapid.

Deaths of Turkish Sultans.

Abdul Hamid, sultan of Turkey, has just celebrated his 60th birthday. Thirty-four Othmans have reigned in Turkey and the longest reign was less than fifty years, Solyman I. having sat upon the throne from 1520 to 1566. Only one sultan in the nineteenth century, only one in the eighteenth and only one in the seventeenth ruled longer than Abdul, and most of his predecessors have been slain or put in chains before their friends were able to wish them many happy returns of their 60th birthday.

Illinois Central Through to Florida

Beginning Monday, Jan. 6, 1902, the Illinois Central will run a through sleeping car between Chicago and Jacksonville, Florida, via Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta. It will leave Chicago daily at 6:10 p. m. and arrive at Jacksonville the second morning, running over the celebrated "Dixie Flyer" scenic route. This is an extension of its all-the-year-round Chicago and Nashville sleeping-car line.

Relic of Glorious Memory.

As a memorial of their victory in their final and desperate struggle at Platea to hurl back the invading East, the ancient Greeks made a tripod from the golden cups of the Parsians' table and the bronze of their soldiers' armor. It bore on its sides the names of every city whose soldiers fought and fell in the supreme moment of a nation's life. That tripod still exists at Constantinople, a national relic which has endured longer than the states whose deeds it consecrated.

Revolting Spectacle on Scaffold.

A revolting spectacle was witnessed at the execution of a peasant for murder in Widdin Citadel, Vienna, recently. As he was being led to the scaffold the condemned man, Zeco Kamenow, suddenly drew a poniard which he had concealed and wounded three of the warders and a soldier. He was overpowered, dragged to the scaffold and three successive attempts were made to hang him. In the first the rope gave way, in the second he was cut down too soon, and the wretched criminal's head was again put in the noose and held there till life was finally extinct.

Discarded War Material.

Some idea of the vast quantities of discarded war material thrown upon the general market by the successive changes in armament adopted by the various great powers may be gathered from the list of arms now offered for sale from this cause by the Italian government. The list includes 600,000 rifles adopted so recently as 1887, with 48,000,000 cartridges, 1,200 nine-pounders and 500 seven-pounder guns, with 200,000 shells, and 170 seven-pounder mountain guns with 17,000 shells.

Product of Bees.

It is estimated that the bees of the United States have produced during the season just closed $7,000,000 worth of honey and wax.

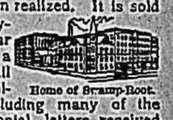
Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.



Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Real Estate Agents
A Word to You.

Do you want to know where the next great land boom will be, and where you can make plenty of money? If so, write the undersigned for a circular telling "All about it."

J. F. MERRY, Ass't Gen. Pass'r Agent
Illinois Central Railroad, Dubuque, Ia.
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We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign
PATENTS
Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write to
CASNOW & Co.
OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Are You Ready for Christmas?

WE ARE

Now is the time to select your gifts while my stock is complete
Following are some of my leaders for one week only:

ROGERS 1847	12 dwt. Knives or Forks per doz.	$3.85
" "	a-1 Tablespoons per set -	2.85
" "	a-1 Dessert Spoons per set -	2.75
" "	a-1 Teaspoons per set - -	1.50

Ladies 6-size gold-filled warranted 20 year case, fitted with genuine Elgin or Walthan movement $13.75

Gent's 18-size gold-filled warranted 20 year case fitted with 17-jewel adjusted patent regulator brequet hairspring - - - $10.00

A Complete Line of Genuine Ebony Toilet goods with Sterling Silver Mountings
Also a full line of SILVERWARE

Come and See

...NG SHERM

Grays...



SHORTHAND
as taught in
The College of Commerce
is a sure stepping-stone to better office positions.
Winter Term Begins Jan. 5th
OTIS L. TRENARY, Prin,
Kenosha, Wis.

The Iron-Worker's Daughter

BY

HOWARD FORRESTER.

CHAPTER XIII.

Irene Atherton stood before the window, looking out into the street in an absent-minded manner. She was thinking of something of the first importance.

Her father's manner had changed so much in the last week that she had become concerned for him. He was quiet, irritable, moody, fitful. He was observing her covertly. He was keeping something from her; they had never had a secret come between them before.

He had never mentioned Mr. Mayberry's name, or referred to him. But he had said it was possible he had found a capitalist—"or, rather, the capitalist has found me," he said ironically.

And when Irene inquired who the capitalist was, her father had answered abruptly—"Gripp."

It was on the point of Irene's tongue to ask him what the paper contained that was passed between her father and Mayberry, and taken back again, but she restrained herself. Some time she would surprise her father into a confession. She knew he could not refuse, or, rather, that he would not withhold anything from her once she really importuned him.

One thing she was resolved upon. It was her duty to discover what caused the serious change in her father's conduct, and she was resolved she would get at the truth.

A rap at the door startled her. When she hastily opened it, Mr. Gripp faced her.

"Oh! Miss Atherton, I am compelled to intrude on you a few moments—a matter of business. I was at the mill, and at your father's instance called. He requested me to tell you to give me some drawings you will find on the upper shelf."

"I will see," she said simply.

She left him, and when alone resolved to send him away as empty handed as he came.

"Why does my father send this man to me for his drawings? Or has he sent him? Anyhow, it may not be easy finding them. At least I will not try."

When she re-entered the room where Gripp awaited her, she said, without a semblance of regret or explanation:

"Mr. Gripp, my father will have to give you the drawings himself."

"It is of no moment—he will doubtless find them in good time, Miss Atherton."

Then he spoke of the weather, of the fine opportunity presented for outdoor enjoyments and evening entertainments.

"Would she like to witness the famous actor then in the city? He had some seats at his disposal, two of which he had retained for Mr. Atherton and his daughter."

Irene's response chilled him.

"Thanks, Mr. Gripp. I rarely attend the theater, but I will inform my father of your offer."

Mr. Gripp talked of the workmen at the mill—how they earned, hardly, all they received. Then the delights, the pleasure—of a life of ease were envied; but they were not for Mr. Gripp. Alas! no. His lot was, plainly, to toil for some one else. He confessed, too, he loved an active life, but he could—O, yes, he could—appreciate the softening influences of a refining fireside.

And then, not till then, Irene realized suddenly she was the object of Mr. Gripp's spontaneous adoration. The realization made her sick at heart. Her aversion for Mr. Gripp was, if possible, increased.

When he withdrew, bowing politely, and smiling in his most gracious manner, Irene sank suddenly into a seat. Was it possible her father knew this man was desirous of ingratiating himself into her good will? What horrible influence, what evil influence, was this that Mr. Gripp exercised over her father. She resolved to dismiss the subject from her mind. She would go out—anywhere. She would visit a neighbor—walk on the streets. No! she would read a favorite author.

She took down a book, and in doing so displaced a volume her father called to his aid frequently, a book of reference. The book fell upon the floor, and two papers fluttered out of it. Irene stooped and picked up book and papers. She was in the act of replacing the last when her eye fell on a single line:

"First room, second floor, No. —— —— street."

Then she read the note. It was very brief. It was written to Mr. Daniel Atherton, informing him, seemingly by previous understanding, where and when the writer would meet him.

I say seemingly, because this note was strangely worded. It read thus:

"Mr. Daniel Atherton:

"Dear Sir—In regard to matter discussed, would say you had best call at the house named. First room, second floor, No. —— —— street. Do not delay. Unless you are there this evening between six and seven, and everything fully understood, you will regret it.

"JACKSON GRIPP."

"There is a threat in this!" Irene exclaimed, mentally. "I see it now. This man has some secret power over my poor father."

She flung herself passionately upon a chair. The tears sprang to her eyes. She cried with bitter mortification. So this was the end of all her father's inventions. After all his planning, his nights and days of reading; after all his hoping, his disappointments—this was the end of it.

Somebody else had an invention. Or her father had unwittingly appropriated inventions others had patented in his process. There must be something serious to bring him a note like that.

She read and reread it, and as she reread it she hated Gripp with an intensity that frightened her. She said to herself, as she placed the note in the envelope it had slipped out of:

"How wicked I am. I feel as if I do not want to live in the same city, in the same world, with Mr. Gripp!"

Then she debated with herself what she would do. Would she place the note where it had been, or elsewhere? Her woman's wit came to her aid here. She put the note on the shelf between two books, in such a manner as to lead her father to think it had dropped there. If it was missed, and inquiry made, a brief search would reveal (I [illegible] did not de[illegible] it or [illegible] work[illegible] note.

In the meantime, she would observe closely the relations existing between her father and this Mr. Gripp. As Irene Atherton pondered thus, a faint rap at the door attracted her attention. She opened it.

"Does Mr. Atherton—Mr. Daniel Atherton—live here?"

Irene looked down upon the small boy who was eyeing her suspiciously.

"Yes. This is the place."

"Is he in?"

"No. He will be home before long, though. Is it anything particular?"

"Well, I was to be sure and leave this for him. I guess it's all right."

He handed her a note somewhat reluctantly.

"Yes. I will see my father gets it."

The small boy walked away, turned, glanced back to observe if his movements were noted, then disappeared around a corner.

"Another note. I wonder if it is a mysterious note, like the one I read," said Irene, thoughtfully, as she glanced at the superscription. "Mr. Daniel Atherton, personal."

She laid the note on the mantel where her father could not fail to see it when he returned, then prepared to go out, as she bethought herself of an errand she had forgotten.

When she was bonneted, ready for the street, she locked the door, and, placing the key in a place where her father would easily find it, left the house.

CHAPTER XIV.

Irene availed herself of a street car, in which two men were talking loudly, and evidently for the purpose of impressing upon the listeners a sense of their importance. They were discussing the murder.

One was a large, red-faced man, with bead-like eyes and a bulbous nose. He wore flashy clothes, and fumbled a large watch seal. His breath smelled of onions—the passengers next him turned aside. His comrade was a small, dark man, with a hooked nose, curling lips that seemed to be sneering at his nose, and to add to a sinister countenance he had a cast in one eye. The first word the large man said arrested Irene's attention.

"I wish I was as sure of a thousand dollars as we are of catching him."

"The chief says he can put his hand right on him."

"Yes, I know—he's preparing a little surprise for him, that's all."

"I was the third person there. I said at once—any professional could see it at a glance—that there wasn't any suicide."

The big man looked up and down the car. His gross look, his intense vulgarity, everything about him excited the profound aversion of Irene. The men sat opposite her. They prolonged the conversation evidently for her benefit.

"A pretty hard place, Number——."

Irene started. Where had she seen or read of Number —— —— street?

There was a brief silence, then the lesser of the two suddenly said: "I understand there are two or three people seen the murderer. 'Twon't be hard to identify him."

"No! And it won't be hard to hang him. The next man caught will stand a poor show. They've been too easy; now they've got to make an example."

Now, for the first time, "Number —— —— street" caused Irene to feel faint—sick at heart. That was the place where a horrible murder or suicide was committed. It was the place her father was requested to visit.

Could it be possible his name could be connected in any way with the horrible occurrence? Irene could not remain in the car a moment longer. While the policemen were airing their office and pretensions, she quietly got off the car.

Once more on the street, she scarcely knew which way to turn. The thoughts suggested by the remarks she had heard distressed her much more than she had thought any similar incident would affect her.

She walked at random for a few minutes, to give herself time to collect her thoughts. As she was hastening rapidly on, looking neither to the right nor left, she encountered Mr. Mayberry. Mayberry attracted her attention by removing his hat. They met face to face.

He had crossed the street, and was turning in the same direction, when he paused, hat in hand, and seemed to hesitate to walk on or turn in another direction. Irene felt the color flaming in her cheeks. A minute before she was very pale. Mayberry noted the change.

"Miss Atherton!"

"Mr. Mayberry!"

She did not know whether to say more, or permit him to pass ahead of her, as he evidently resolved to do. He was quickening his steps when a low voice arrested him.

"Mr. Mayberry, I have something to say to you."

He walked beside her respectfully. More than one passer-by looked admiringly at the handsome young couple; the man with the bearing of a spirited young man, in high health, with a face inviting confidence; the woman with eyes like stars, and rosy cheeks, all too rare.

"I will not detain you a moment."

"I am not in a hurry at all. Anything I can do—any way I may be able to serve you—command me."

"Will you tell me what was in the paper you gave my father, Mr. Mayberry?"

He was nonplused. The question was so unexpected, he was not able to reply instantly. Then he said to himself that would never do.

"It was a partial agreement your father and I arrived at, Miss Atherton."

"Of what nature?"

She was very—very direct. How could he avoid telling her? He would—fib. But when he met her eyes, his resolve melted. She seemed to be looking through him.

"If I speak at all, I'll tell you the truth. I'd rather not—indeed, you ought not to expect me to talk to you of the affair at all."

She paid no attention to the last portion of this speech. Again came her question, sharp, direct, almost imperative:

"What was the agreement? Of course you would not tell me anything but the truth, Mr. Mayberry. Who made the agreement first?—who suggested it? [illegible] about? My father made

"This is unfair, Miss Atherton."

"Then something happened—you did not, could not, satisfy him—he was unreasonable, and so you voluntarily gave him back a paper that you thought—think now—is worth money, maybe a great deal of money to you."

"My dear Miss Atherton," exclaimed Mayberry, pausing suddenly on the street, and staring at her in amazement. "Nothing of the sort. That is, you have misconceived the matter altogether. You do your father—you do me—injustice."

"I am rejoiced to learn it."

"Upon my soul, you have."

"Then you will please explain, so I can understand it."

And so it happened that the demure little puss accomplished her object before Mayberry suspected her tactics. She had purposely blundered, trusting to him to set her right.

He began at the beginning, and related the facts. He omitted all reference to Mr. Gripp. He was too manly to characterize Mr. Gripp's conduct in that gentleman's absence. That was a matter he hoped he would be able to do full justice to, with Mr. Gripp before him.

"Now I know you have been candid with me," said Irene slowly.

She was blushing for her father—for herself. She somehow connected Mr. Gripp's sudden friendship for her father and herself with this business transaction.

The patent process lay at the bottom. Irene's face was now as pale as it was before she recognized him. He noticed the sudden change, and was concerned.

"I am very—very much obliged to you, Mr. Mayberry. I wanted to know the truth. I hope you will excuse my curiosity. If you knew all, you would do so."

"I do, I assure you I do. I think—pardon me, I am quite sure—I appreciate your feelings. But I have said so much, I must say more. You are—you have been—laboring under a false impression. I have lost nothing. How could I? I have lost neither time nor money."

"You are quite sure you have not lost in any manner?"

Again her eyes seemed to search his very soul.

"I did make an appointment which I failed to keep."

"I understand. You unfolded your plans, excited somebody's hopes, and how that person will regard you as a visionary, a trifler, or worse maybe."

"No, no! You are wrong again."

"Then please set me right."

He was silent. What could he say, unless he told her the truth? This young lady was terribly direct—very earnest in her manner.

"Well, you do not explain."

"I will. There is no other way to correct a false impression. I called upon a friend, a gentleman who will listen to my explanation, and whose relations with me will not be affected in the least."

"Who is this gentleman?"

"Mr. Mead. I explained what your father claimed, and I was to have seen him and satisfied him concerning the details."

"Which you have not done."

He did not answer. He could not without reflecting upon her father.

"I am very grateful to you, Mr. Mayberry, for your kindness and candor."

She stopped. He stopped also; he was sorry that the time had come when they must separate. He was beginning to think he ought to direct the conversation; he was preparing a speech suitable for the occasion, and timely, when, with a courtesy and a smile that he carried with him in memory the remainder of the day, she turned and left him as suddenly and unexpectedly as they had encountered each other.

CHAPTER XV.

Mr. Mead was in his private office when a visitor was announced. He was seated in front of a handsome writing desk, made of native varied woods, whose beauty was preserved and heightened with oil and polish, and was in the act of opening a letter when his visitor entered.

"Ah! I see you are prompt, Mr. Gripp."

"Punctuality is the soul—you know the rest, Mr. Mead. I have brought papers with me which will enable you to understand at a glance what I have to offer you."

Mr. Mead waved his hand, and continued opening his letters, as he said:

"By and by—when we are ready for that. Let us understand what is proposed first."

"Eighty per cent of labor is [illegible] to begin with, and more than that much in time is saved by the process I spoke of, and the result is an iron equaling, if not superior to, the article you are now selling."

"You seem confident. For a sure-footed man, Mr. Gripp, you are almost enthusiastic."

"If I am, I have an excuse—or, rather, the facts warrant the positive statements I have made. I come to offer you such inducements as will justify you in assuming the direction of a new mill for the new process."

As Mr. Gripp carefully removed the wrapper from a thick roll, a clerk stood in the doorway.

"A lady, Mr. Mead, wishes to see you."

"I will see her soon."

Mr. Gripp had almost removed the wrapping paper. He now turned to Mr. Mead again.

"These drawings are so clear, the explanations so simple, that a single glance must suffice to demonstrate to a man like you the extraordinary value of the process."

Mr. Mead rose, bent over the roll as Mr. Gripp laid the paper aside, and both looked at the drawings as they were unrolled, expectantly.

Suddenly Mr. Gripp's nose and lips curled; the sneer in his face was intensified as he crushed the drawings ruthlessly in a mass, and twisted the paper over them.

"Confound it—I beg your pardon. An absurd—a ridiculous—mistake. These, as you perceived, are flowers, vases, what not—everything but the right thing."

"So I see."

"I see now how the mistake was made."

Again the clerk entered.

"A gentleman to see you, who cannot wait, Mr. Mead."

"Show him in."

The door opened, and a quiet personage entered. He looked like a man who would submit to anything for peace.

"Well, Mr. ——"

The visitor interrupted him hastily.

"I have called to speak to you concerning a workman—a puddler—a man named Atherton."

"He never worked for me, sir."

"I am aware of that, Mr. Mead, but I [illegible] informing myself concerning his reputation—his antecedents."

"Why, now, there was nothing at all Atherton's record that prevented us [illegible] giving him work. It was another [illegible]ter—well, to be frank with you, so [illegible]as that affair is any guide, I think [illegible]erton acted as I would have done—[illegible] or you might do to-morrow."

[illegible]e visitor—he was a detective—looked [illegible]pointed.

"[illegible]hoever sent you to me don't understand the matter at all. Atherton has [illegible]putation of a good workman, but [illegible] fellow with crotchets—is impulsive [illegible]-strung—but not a man for you [illegible]me looking after."

[illegible] glad to hear you say so, Mr. [illegible] have a train to make, and must excuse me for coming in on [illegible]

"[illegible]s all right."

(To be continued.)

Fishing in Japan.

[illegible] were entertained with [illegible]st curious sights I have [illegible]Mead. I [illegible]," said a St. Louis traveler to a Globe-Democrat. "This [illegible]ning Gifu fishing, of which [illegible] Japan love to relate. [illegible] the natives in open [illegible]ght, in a mountain Gifu [illegible]ow was a wire basket, one of the most [illegible]ing wood. One of ever witnessed [illegible]near this. He held [illegible]cler in the [illegible] to which were tied was the famous[illegible]rd of duck. all travelers in [illegible]rch attracted the We went with t[illegible]e water. When boats, near midni[illegible] a fish it would stream. At the pr[illegible]ally succeeded ket filled with flap[illegible]ing it. When the fishermen was [illegible]ral fish and in his hands strings, [illegible]h them the live birds, a species [illegible] boat. Then "The glare of the tor[illegible]destroyed fish to the surface of th[illegible]e that it one of the birds sighted [illegible]re, into dive after it and usua[illegible]. Which, in capturing and swallow[illegible]ots of a duck had swallowed se[illegible]ders collits neck appeared fat wi[illegible]. Gifu fishermen pulled it into the [illegible]. Now and one of the men would [illegible]ier by squeeze the duck's neck so[illegible]ench it would vomit the fish, still all[illegible]ously a large basket.

"The fish captured are a species [illegible] trout and are considered a great d[illegible]. The Japs eat their fish boiled in a kind of soup, and half raw. We encountered this dish, also numerous other Japanese dishes, which we found far from savory. Americans, as a rule, do not take kindly to the native dishes of Japan. Nearly everywhere, however, it is possible to get what one wants. In going into a Japanese restaurant it is customary to stop in the kitchen and select the viands one desires to have cooked for his meal."

Perfumes and Health.

Pure violet essence is said to be especially suitable to nervous people, but it must be obtained from the flowers themselves, not from the chemical imitations. Chemically derived perfumes are irritant, poisonous even, to persons of especially sensitive constitution. True flower scents are obtained in three ways—first by spreading fresh blossoms upon glass thickly smeared with pure grease, letting them stand in the sun, and as they wilt replacing them until the grease is as fragrant as the flowers; second, by repeatedly infusing fresh petals in oil; and third, by infusing them in ether, which is then distilled to a dry solid, reports the Pictorial Magazine.

As this solid sells for about $300 an ounce, it is easy to understand why the other process, though far away the best, is not commonly used. But the scented grease and the essences made by steeping it in pure spirit are never cheap. After all the scent possible has been extracted from the grease it is still fragrant enough to make the very finest perfumed soap. All the citrine scents, bergamot, neroli, orange flower water, are refreshing and in a degree stimulating if properly prepared. To make a lasting perfume some animal base is essential—musk, civet or ambergris.

Resources of Alaska.

More discovery of the riches of Alaska has been accomplished this season than ever before. The latest discovery is large deposits of tin. It is beginning to look as if this far-away and inhospitable region is to prove an El Dorado. Many railroads are being projected through its wilds in order to get at its immense wealth, says the Winlock Pilot. With its furs, fish, timber, gold and other valuable minerals this region that was once thought to be next to valueless is coming to the front with great rapidity. Its resources are sure to add greatly to the wealth of the nation. Uncle Sam made a lucky venture when he bought the land of snow and ice.

Poor Example!

"My boy," says the successful man, "if you get along at all you must learn to stick to things. Everlastingly sticking to it wins in the end."

"Oh, I don't know," retorts the youth. "Look at the postage stamp. It sticks all right, but all it gets out of it is a smack across the face and a place in the waste basket."—Baltimore American.

Without Benefit of Clergy.

He died in town this summer. During his last illness his wife nursed him over the telephone from Newport; his doctor treated him by telegraph from Bar Harbor, and a letter, written from the top of the Alps by his clergyman, was read over him at the funeral.—Life.

Punishment for Papa.

"For heaven's sake, stop, Elsie! How many times are you going to play that 'Maiden's Prayer' to-day?"

"Ma told me I must play it ten times because I haven't practiced and ten times more because you got home late from the club!"—Fliegende Blaetter.

Only Three Stops.

Farmer Stackpole—How many stops has that 'ere organ ye bought for your daughter got?

Farmer Hawbuck (grimly)—Three—breakfast, dinner and supper.—Puck.

Every year the farmers expect thirty bushels of wheat per acre, and get fifteen.

THOS. B. REED DEAD

FORMER SPEAKER SUCCUMBS TO URÆMIC POISONING.

Close of a Great Career—Record of a Man Who Wielded Tremendous Influence in Public Affairs—Famous Ruling on Quorums in Congress.

Ex-Speaker Thomas B. Reed died in Washington at ten minutes after midnight Sunday morning. At 12 o'clock word came from Mr. Reed's room direct from Dr. Gardner, the family physician, that Mr. Reed was dying. A complete condition of uræmia had set in which it was impossible to relieve.

Dr. Goodno, an eminent specialist in uræmic diseases, arrived from Philadelphia shortly before 11 o'clock and extreme methods were advised by him to carry the patient through the crisis. These were at once used, but without avail.

His Early Life.

Mr. Reed was born in Portland, Me., Oct. 18, 1839. Thomas Bracket Reed, Sr., the father of the dead statesman, was a watchman in a sugar house. He sent his son regularly to school, nevertheless, and the lad was graduated from the Portland High School at the age of 16. Thence he went to Bowdoin College.

For a time Mr. Reed taught school in one of the good-old red schoolhouses, in which teachers headed toward fame always thrashed big pupils of whom nothing is ever heard again. He had that



T. B. REED.

experience. Then he [illegible] for a year, and was admitted [illegible] but he found he liked Maine better. He returned home, and toward the end of the Civil War served a year in the navy as Acting Assistant Paymaster.

Begins Practice of Law.

He then began to practice law in Portland, and in the course of two years he made himself well enough thought of to secure for himself a nomination to the lower branch of the Maine Legislature. He was elected, and it is a notable fact that ever after that time until his voluntary retirement in 1899 he had always a public office of some kind to fill. Two terms in the Legislature were followed by a term in the Senate, and three years as Attorney General of the State. He then became solicitor for the city of Portland.

His twenty-two years of continuous service in Congress began in 1877. The preceding year after a hot struggle in the party convention, he had secured the nomination and had won his district by 1,200 votes. His renomination for term after term was always unanimous, and only once did he have a real fight for election, and that was in 1880, when the Democratic-greenback movement was exceedingly strong in Maine.

The next three Congresses were all Democratic, and Mr. Reed became the recognized leader of the minority, twice receiving the Republican caucus nomination for Speaker. In 1889, however, the political whirl had come, and Mr. Reed was elected Speaker for the House in the Fifty-first Congress.

Faces Hard Problem.

His situation was a most perplexing one. His party was in control by a narrow majority, and the opposition was strong and determined. The difficulties might well have seemed insurmountable, but Mr. Reed had the knowledge and the courage combined to enable him to become master. Democratic obstruction was the thing that he had first to throttle. He did it to start with by his famous reversal of the long-standing rule of the House in regard to quorums.

The custom had been to make use of the fiction that a Congressman present in the room was not present at roll call unless he chose to answer. In this way the opposition could block action, although its members were present watching every move in the game.

"Czar" Reed simply ordered the clerk one day to record as present all the Democrats who were in the room and who had refused to answer to roll call. Then pandemonium began.

The Democratic side of the House was in an uproar, but Speaker Reed, gavel in hand, did not lose his temper.

"I deny your right, Mr. Speaker, to count me present," shouted Representative McCreary of Kentucky.

Mr. Reed answered: "The chair is merely making a statement of the fact that the gentlemen is present. Does he deny it?"

For two days he refused to permit an appeal to the House from his decision, but when the appeal came he was sustained, and so thoroughly did he make his point that in succeeding Congresses with the Democrats in power his rule was maintained.

The victory on this point established the right of the majority to transact business, and more than that, it made the majority assume full responsibility for the way in which it exercised its power.

Mr. Reed was one of the noted figures of American politics. If his name is not enrolled on the list of the country's great statesmen, there will certainly be no one to dispute his claim to a place among those who in their day and generation exercised powerful influence over their fellows.

Telegraphic Brevities.

The Siamese troops have completely routed the northern rebels and the country is growing quieter.

Ill health is supposed to have caused Jesse Pratt, former Mayor of Camden, N. J., to commit suicide by shooting.

A BIG LAB[illegible] ...AMINE.

CHICAGO UNAB[illegible] THE WORKE[illegible] ...D GET ALL ...EEDED.

Conditions for Wa[illegible] Western Metropo[illegible] Favorable—Clerks[illegible] as Well as Laborers [illegible]enographers Wanted.

An unusual condit[illegible] cago. There is a [illegible] city needs workers a[illegible] although the conditio[illegible] manner of employm[illegible] The number of empl[illegible] year was 62,000 abo[illegible] could be supplied and [illegible] the insufficiency of h[illegible] cerns have been unab[illegible] they desired to. Not [illegible] period in 1895 has the[illegible] in Chicago been so [illegible] Of the 200,000 men [illegible] of union labor not on[illegible] be among the few on[illegible] mand for union workm[illegible] of the industrial work[illegible] ed the supply, so much [illegible] number of instances [illegible] and others have bee[illegible] where they desired to [illegible] been given a higher w[illegible] called for.

Of those not affiliate[illegible] are not receiving mo[illegible] same work than they d[illegible] Three chief elements f[illegible] ing conditions: First, i[illegible] ity and added output; [illegible] for a better class of in[illegible] ity in securing the su[illegible] keeping with the deman[illegible]

Railroad Workers.

Railroad laborers are [illegible] demand, so much so that [illegible] have been brought int[illegible] States as far west as [illegible] contracts. One empl[illegible] which has a contract [illegible] largest railroads operati[illegible] cago has taken off its f[illegible] and has received all th[illegible] labor bureaus could [illegible] sent notices to other [illegible] pay fares for workmen [illegible] order to fulfill the contr[illegible] for 1,000 men at once.

[illegible] have been secured, and [illegible] shipped as fast as possibl[illegible] where construction work is [illegible]

A problem for housew[illegible] curing of domestics. He[illegible] fields the shortage is mn[illegible] due in a measure to the [illegible] of the women who former[illegible] the household work for [illegible] found more profitable empl[illegible] factories and other places [illegible] shortage of men has opene[illegible] ie of employment for them[illegible] vants are wanted, and t[illegible] than a third of the an[illegible] quence the wage has [illegible] ny instances.

[illegible]e large packing pla[illegible] hundreds of men [illegible] year. Trouble has[illegible] there is securing desirable[illegible] this sea[illegible] in many inst[illegible] been ex[illegible] conditions n[illegible] aterial [illegible] ...BAIR[illegible]

[illegible] room for [illegible] son of the [illegible] perienced hi[illegible] ...ought, no[illegible] in the labor lines of great[illegible] ...inces, as a result better [illegible] ...ong t[illegible] employed prevail at p[illegible] ...han in past.

Not among the laboring class a[illegible] does the present condition exist. I[illegible] equally marked among the workers [illegible] the large stores, the clerks, office h[illegible] and all those connected with the [illegible] cantile institutions throughout the [illegible] Stenographers, bookkeepers and others [illegible] the same class are in demand owing [illegible] the increased stimulus in the manufact[illegible] ing world.



The Burlington will double track much of its line between St. Joseph, Mo., and Omaha.

The advanced rates on flour from Minneapolis to the Atlantic coast are now in effect.

Charles E. Dafoe has been appointed superintendent of the northwest division of the Chicago Great Western road.

The Chicago and Eastern Illinois has inaugurated a new through sleeping car line from Chicago to Florida points.

The Michigan Central is building a new passenger station at New Buffalo, the junction of the main line with the Pere Marquette.

The low second-class settlers' rate to points in the Northwest which has been in force during the year is to be continued from Feb. 15 to April 30 of next year.

The Chicago and Alton has decided that the wooden platforms around its stations must be abolished. They will, as rapidly as possible, be replaced by concrete.

The United States Express Company has superseded the American Express Company in the business of the Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Decatur Railroad from Springfield to Cincinnati.

Frank A. Palmer, assistant general passenger agent of the Wabash system, was recently married to Mrs. Elizabeth Connell Sasseen. The ceremony took place at the Auditorium Hotel in Chicago, and was witnessed only by relatives and intimate friends. Mr. and Mrs. Palmer went to Daytona, Fla., where the bridegroom has a winter home embedded in roses, surrounded by real palm trees and equipped with other adornments calculated to render a honeymoon idyllic.

James J. Hill, head of the big Northwestern railroad merger, in a speech before 18,000 farmers at Crookston, Minn., said the object of the railroads was to increase prosperity in the Northwest and that they did not want to increase the 7 per cent dividendd.

The 10 per cent raise of wages by the New York Central affects 65,000 men. The Reading and Wabash have followed suit. Advances are also reported on the Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Texas Pacific and Denver and Rio Grande. Similar steps are anticipated by the Nickel Plate and others.

[illegible] women and doct[illegible]
[illegible] recognize the real sym[illegible]
[illegible] derangement of the [illegible]
[illegible] until too late.

[illegible] terrible pains alo[illegible]
[illegible] for two years and s[illegible]
[illegible]. I was given di[illegible]
[illegible] wore plasters; no[illegible]
[illegible]gs helped me. Readi[illegible]
[illegible] that Lydia E. Pinkh[illegible]
[illegible]e Compound has br[illegible]
[illegible] somehow felt that it [illegible]
[illegible]ded and bought a bott[illegible]
[illegible] glad I am that I di[illegible]
[illegible]s brought me immens[illegible]
[illegible]er using three bottles [illegible]
[illegible] life and blood sur[illegible]
[illegible]y veins. It seemed [illegible]
[illegible]re had been a regular h[illegible]
[illegible]rough my system, that [illegible]
[illegible] and poison had been ta[illegible]
[illegible] life given me instead. [illegible]
[illegible] dozens of my friends to [illegible]
[illegible] Pinkham's Vegetal[illegible]
[illegible]. Good health is ind[illegible]
[illegible] complete happiness, a[illegible]
Pinkham's Vegetab[illegible]
[illegible] has secured this to be continued from Feb. 15 to April 30 of next year.

The Chicago and Alton has decided that the wooden platforms around its stations must be abolished. They will, as rapidly as possible, be replaced by concrete.

The United States Express Company has superseded the American Express Company in the business of the Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Decatur Railroad from Springfield to Cincinnati.

Frank A. Palmer, assistant general passenger agent of the Wabash system, was recently married to Mrs. Elizabeth Connell Sasseen. The ceremony took place at the Auditorium Hotel in Chicago, and was witnessed only by relatives and intimate friends. Mr. and Mrs. Palmer went to Daytona, Fla., where the bridegroom has a winter home embedded in roses, surrounded by real palm trees and equipped with other adornments calculated to render a honeymoon idyllic.

James J. Hill, head of the big Northwestern railroad merger, in a speech before 18,000 farmers at Crookston, Minn., said the object of the railroads was to increase prosperity in the Northwest and that they did not want to increase the 7 per cent dividendd.

The 10 per cent raise of wages by the New York Central affects 65,000 men. The Reading and Wabash have followed suit. Advances are also reported on the Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Texas Pacific and Denver and Rio Grande. Similar steps are anticipated by the Nickel Plate and others.

Mrs. Chambers, guest of Mrs. Dr. K[illegible]

Engman's shoe [illegible] and shoes and any[illegible] line.

Read E. B. [illegible]

Dec. 8, 1902— Tr[illegible] Webb Bros., by Jan[illegible]

D. A. and E. B. W[illegible] cago, Monday, buyli[illegible]

W. H. Scherf was [illegible] Monday morning.

A. Tobiason was t[illegible] Chicago, Monday.

All the common [illegible] hand at Beswick's.

suit at Webb Bros'.

DO YOU COUGH
DON'T DELAY
TAKE
KEMP'S
BALSAM
BEST COUGH CURE

25 Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. Certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large size 25 cents and 50 cents.

WANTED Ladies to learn to read fortunes by cards. Hundreds of ladies make good incomes by this means. Why [illegible] 10 cents (silver) for directions. Address [illegible], 500 Main Street, Worcester, Mass.

No. 50—1902

SCHOFULA CURED Cancer Cure [illegible] ed for years, and conquered that dread disease. Ph[illegible] Ward pl. Englewood, Chicago, Ill.

A BIG LABOR FAMINE.

CHICAGO UNABLE TO GET ALL THE WORKERS NEEDED.

Conditions for W[orkers in the] Western Metropolis [...] Favorable—Clerks [...] Unusually [...] as Well as Laborers [...] Stenographers Wanted.

"The Proof of the Pudding Lies in the Eating."

The doctors are dumbfounded, the druggists astonished, and the people excited and joyful over the wonderful cures and tremendous sales of the great Remedy, St. Jacobs Oil. Every case of Rheumatism—some of many years' standing—has given way to this powerful remedy. Thousands of certificates like the following can be furnished us to its value:

George Scleyer, Publisher of the Chilton, Wis., "Volksbote," used St. Jacobs Oil for "almost unbearable pains in the back," which had completely prostrated him. A few applications cured him entirely.

Mrs. Fred Eberle, Bellaire, O., was for a long time severely troubled with Rheumatism. St. Jacobs Oil instantly relieved and entirely cured her.

Rev. Dr. B. Pick, of Rochester, N. Y., suffered so intensely from Rheumatic pains that he was unable to preach. Several applications from a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil "relieved him."

F. J. Radder, Cleveland, Ohio, says: "Two applications of St. Jacobs Oil cured me of great and long-continued pain in my foot."

Messrs. C. L. Brundage and Son, Druggists, Muskegon, Mich., write: "St. Jacobs Oil has a wonderful sale. We sold eight bottles at retail yesterday. This will give you some idea of how well it is liked in this section."

Mr. Louis Hinkel, of East Poesten Kill, N. Y., says: "I call St. Jacobs Oil the best liniment I ever used. It cured me of Rheumatism and pain in the back."

Herman Rittner, Manchester, N. H.: "I have tried St. Jacobs Oil, and found it excellent. All those who have purchased it speak of it as 'simply incomparable.'"

Geo. G. Erffle, Palestine, Ill.: "I was in bed suffering from a swollen leg. I used St. Jacobs Oil. Its effect was wonderful. The following day I attended to my business again."

Dr. Otto Fuls, Reading, O., writes: "The sale of St. Jacobs Oil is constantly increasing; it is praised by everybody, and never fails to give entire satisfaction."

Was a Stroke of Genius.

Little boys can be reasoned with if one only knows the way to do it. The other evening on 130th street two young ladies were taking an evening stroll when, without warning, a herd of small boys, about eight in number and averaging from 10 to 12 years of age, surrounded them and with dia[illegible] refused to let them pass.

"You're our prisoners," [illegible]

"An' we ain't never [illegible] let you pass," announced [illegible]

They held hands [illegible] of the efforts of b[illegible] sisted the feminine [illegible]

But not feminine [illegible] said one of the girls [illegible] you as prisoners. "All right," we'll stay with [illegible] rule of this g[illegible]. But you know the [illegible] you play it right—other way—is to make us each kiss the boy we think is the prettiest. Now I think I like—"

But there was a scuffle, a yell of terror, says the New York Times, and the young ladies were left standing alone and free—with the vanishing backs of eight small boys tearing madly down the street.

He Admired Her Judgment.

She—Oh, Fred, dear, you are so noble, so generous, so handsome, so chivalrous, so much the superior of every man I meet I can't help loving you. Now, what can you see in plain little me to admire?

He—Oh, I don't know, dear, but you certainly have very good judgment.—Tid-Bits.

Convincing Proof.

Case No. 41,206.—Capt. Alfred G. Rigler of Hose Company No. 4, Canton, Ohio, says: "I had a weak back ever since I was a boy, and about six years ago the cause developed into rather a bad case of kidney complaint. It was not a little backache now and then, but backache which caused actual suffering day and night, and the harder I tried to get rid of it the worse it became.

"When the attacks were in the acute stage it was difficult to sit down, and when down it was just as hard to regain an erect position, on account of the twinges of pain in the kidneys. I can only describe some of the pangs as similar to that received from a knife thrust.

"In time, distressing and terribly inconvenient urinary weakness resulted, causing annoying embarrassment during the day and loss of sleep during the night.

"I took everything which came to my notice from reading, from observation, and which my friends and acquaintances advised. I consulted physicians, but none of them were able to relieve the trouble, let alone stop it.

"It became so well known that I had a pronounced case of kidney complaint that I often received circulars from medical companies offering to cure me, and one day eighteen letters were handed to me by the mail carrier.

"When Doan's Kidney Pills attracted my attention I wanted to try them, just as I had tried everything else, and Mrs. Rigler went to Durban & Wright Co.'s drug store for a box. Relief followed.

"I knew after a dose or two that the medicine was acting directly on the kidneys from the altered condition of the kidney secretions, and, encouraged, I continued the treatment. Finally the backache and other complications stopped.

"Let me sum up my opinion about Doan's Kidney Pills by saying I would willingly pay one month's wages for a box of them if I could not buy them for less. You can refer anyone to me about Doan's Kidney Pills and I will convince them that they act just as represented."

Four Years After.

"Lapse of time has strengthened my appreciation of Doan's Kidney Pills. I gave this remedy my unqualified indorsement in the summer of 1896, because of the results I obtained from a course of the treatment. I can now add to my original indorsement the experience of a number of others who are just as enthusiastic, when they express their opinion of Doan's Kidney Pills, as I."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Rigler will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

"Robinson Crusoe" was the first novel with illustrations published in England. This was in August, 1719. The illustration was a map of the world.

DIE IN HOTEL FIRE.

FLAME AND SMOKE KILL FOURTEEN IN CHICAGO HOSTELRY.

Victims of Horror in [illegible] Mostly Farmers Attending Live Stock Show—Many Smothered Like Rats in a Trap.

Fourteen men were [illegible]d in an insignificant Chicago [illegible] broke out at 5:30 Thursday m[illegible] the four-story Lincoln Europ[illegible] 176 Madison street. There [illegible] guests in the hotel. The men [illegible]stly farmers visiting the live st[illegible]tion, and, it is said, if it had n[illegible] the narrow halls, the overcrow[illegible] and a failure to alarm the v[illegible]ey would have been able to esc[illegible] the fire trap. Many of the bo[illegible] found in the beds in position [illegible]mber. Others were found in [illegible] ways lying face downward in p[illegible] that mutely portrayed how they [illegible]tainly endeavored to save their [illegible] Some were half-clad and othe[illegible] nothing but night clothing. It [illegible] means of articles and letters in [illegible]ckets of what little clothing some [illegible] dead persons were that many [illegible]tions were made. For half [illegible] after the firemen found their [illegible] into the building stumbled [illegible] insensible forms lying on the floors [illegible] the stairways. Although screams [illegible] from the upper floors told the [illegible] that men and women were im[illegible] there, the smoke was impenet[illegible]d the victims were allowed to s[illegible] to death.

[illegible] that the fire was accidentally started. The hotel is being renovated. It was charged that piles of shavings were littered around some of the [illegible]s. One of the guests said that the [illegible] started from a cigar thrown in a [illegible]way on the second floor. [illegible] of life occurred among the [illegible] nearest the roof. Here the smoke [illegible] vent and filled the rooms, suffocating many before they were awakened.

Farmers Look for Friends.

The scene around the partly burned building, after the terrible results had become generally known throughout the city, was pathetic in the extreme. The hundreds of strangers, principally farmers from nearby States who were in Chicago to take part in the live stock exposition at the stock yards, knew that the Lincoln Hotel was largely occupied by their friends and acquaintances, and they hurried into Madison street and inquired anxiously as to whether their particular friend, in some instances a brother or near relative, had been saved.

Each one to make the inquiry was directed either to the county hospital or to an undertaking establishment where the bodies had been taken. At the latter place the white sheet was lifted time and again to permit the facial features to be scanned by the anxious ones.

BILLIONS IN THE FARM.

Agriculture Is Conspicuous in Industrial Progress.

"In the industrial progress made by the United States during recent years there has been no more conspicuous feature than the growth of agriculture," says Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson in his annual report to the President. He gives figures, mainly taken from the last census, to prove his statement.

The amount of fixed capital invested in agriculture is about $20,000,000,000, or four times the amount invested in manufactures. More than half of the people of the United States live on farms, and more than a third of all the people engaged in gainful occupations work on farms. In one year the products of American farms have reached an aggregate value of nearly $5,000,000,000.

American brains applied to American farms is what is causing the volume of our farm exports to continue steadily on the increase, according to the Secretary, and he sees the greatest hope for the future. "The science of agriculture," he says, "is in rudimentary stages in all lands. The education of producers from the field, so long neglected, has recently been undertaken in earnest in the United States. Our government is doing more for the farmer than all other nations combined. Results are justifying expenditures, and the future will still further show the value of science applied to the farm."

Secretary Wilson's display of the work of his department during the past year is almost bewildering, so many fields of investigation does it describe. It makes a volume of 121 pages, and there is hardly a page that does not report on at least two or three different enterprises undertaken in the search for facts that will enable agriculture to be more successfully carried on.

One method of aiding the farmers which the Secretary is most anxious to avail himself of is the distribution of daily weather forecasts through all the rural free delivery postal routes. Of the 10,000 routes the department has been able to send forecasts over only 1,000, but the service has been so appreciated that an appropriation of $100,000 is asked to extend it.

One of the recommendations of the report favors an Appalachian forest reserve. Mr. Wilson makes the startling statement that the denudation of the mountain slopes has caused floods that for the twelve months ending April last caused a damage of $18,000,000. He says further that water power with an aggregate annual rental of $20,000,000 is being destroyed, that the land on the mountain slopes is being washed away more in a single year now than in ten centuries while the forests stood, and that the soil swept down is clogging the Ohio, Tennessee and Mississippi rivers in a way that will be most injurious to navigation. He earnestly urges the creation and preservation of forests on the mountains.

Sparks from the Wires.

According to the report of county superintendents twenty-five Kansas counties have no negro school children within their borders.

The Comptroller of the Currency has authorized the Alva National Bank of Alva, O. T., to begin business with a capital of $25,000.

At Newberg, Ore., the depot was broken into by a burglar and the safe robbed of an express package for the Chehalis Valley Milling Company, which contained $1,180.

SISTERS OF CHARITY

Use Pe-ru-na for Coughs, Colds, Grip and Catarrh--A Congressman's Letter.



In every country of the civilized world Sisters of Charity are known. Not only do they minister to the spiritual and intellectual needs of the charges committed to their care, but they also minister to their bodily needs.

With so many children to take care of and to protect from climate and disease, these wise and prudent Sisters have found Peruna a never failing safeguard.

Dr. Hartman receives many letters from Catholic Sisters from all over the United States. A recommend recently received from a Catholic institution in Detroit, Mich., reads as follows:

Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio:

Dear Sir:—"The young girl who used the Peruna was suffering from laryngitis and loss of voice. The result of the treatment was most satisfactory. She found great relief, and after further use of the medicine we hope to be able to say she is entirely cured."—Sisters of Charity.

The young girl was under the care of the Sisters of Charity and used Peruna for catarrh of the throat with good results as the above letter testifies.

Send to The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio, for a free book written by Dr. Hartman.

The following letter is from Congressman Meekison, of Napoleon, Ohio:



DAVID MEEKISON.

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen: "I have used several bottles of Peruna and feel greatly benefited thereby from my catarrh of the head, and feel encouraged to believe that its continued use will fully eradicate a disease of thirty years' standing."—David Meekison.

Dr. Hartman, one of the best known physicians and surgeons in the United States, was the first man to formulate Peruna. It was through his genius and perseverance that it was introduced to the medical profession of this country.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

An Illustration.

He—What is a so-called summer engagement?

She—It's like this: Suppose we were engaged, and I happened to meet some other man I liked better. I would proceed to shake you for the new arrival. That would be a typical summer engagement.

He—But suppose I happened to meet some girl I liked better and proceeded to give you the merry toss?

She—Oh, in that case I'd sue you for breach of promise. See?

Reduced Rates Via Queen & Crescent Route.

On the first and third Tuesdays of each month low one-way and round-trip rates are in effect via the Queen and Crescent Route to points in Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, Louisiana, North and South Carolina, Kentucky and Virginia. For information write W. A. Beckler, N. P. A., 113 Adams street, Chicago, Ill., or address W. C. Rinearson, G. P. A., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Very Reserved.

Lawyer (to his client, who is charged with theft)—I must know the whole truth if I am to defend you. Have you told me everything?

Client—Except where I hid the money. I want some of that for myself.—The King.

The Same Thing.

Uncle George—Harry, I suppose you keep a cash account?

Harry—No, Uncle George, I haven't got so far as that; but I keep an expense account.—Boston Transcript.

Mrs. Austin's Buckwheat pleases the whole family, from the baby to grandfather. Makes a healthy, hearty breakfast, satisfies.

The production of coal has almost quadrupled. The production of pig iron has nearly quadrupled. The production of steel has multiplied eight times. The price of steel rails is now less than half what it was twenty years ago.

Fruit acids will not stain goods dyed with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

The true rule in business is to guard and do by the things of others as they do by their own.—Hindoo.

If you tire of buckwheat, try Mrs. Austin's famous Pancake flour for a change. Made from the great food cereals.

A man should not get warm under the collar because he has the blues.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Libby's

Peerless Plum Puddings. With the frost comes the appetite for heartier table dainties. Why spend time and labor when Libby's Plum Puddings are so delicious, pure, wholesome, and so easily secured? Ask your Grocer. They are among the best of

LIBBY'S NATURAL FLAVOR FOOD PRODUCTS

Put up in convenient size key-opening cans. Our little book, "How to Make Good Things to Eat," is free. Write for it. Libby's Atlas of the World mailed anywhere for five 2c stamps.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, CHICAGO, U. S. A.

FINE SERVICE TO MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD — CENTRAL MISSISSIPPI VALLEY ROUTE

NEW LINE FROM CHICAGO

Via Dubuque, Waterloo and Albert Lea. Fast Vestibule Night train with through Sleeping Car, Buffet-Library Car and Free Reclining Chair Car. Dining Car Service en route. Tickets of agents of I. C. R. R. and connecting lines.

A. H. HANSON, G. P. A., CHICAGO.

JANUARY BUYING

There is no time like January for satisfactory buying. The holiday rush is over and the early Spring trade has not yet begun; in January you always get first pick of all the earliest Spring goods and there is ample time to fill and ship your orders with greater promptness.

Send 15 cents TODAY for our large General Catalogue No. 71. It gives pictures, descriptions and prices on almost everything you eat, wear or use. Save ¼ to ½ on everything you purchase by sending your orders to

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO. CHICAGO

"The House that Tells the Truth."

ELY'S CREAM BALM Cures CATARRH. It is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate. It is not drying, does not produce sneezing. Druggists, 50 cts. or by mail. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N.Y.

$1 TABLE CUTLERY, 31 PIECES. To introduce our SUPERIOR PLATED WARE. For $1.00 we will send one dozen Tea Spoons, half dozen each Knives, Forks and Table Spoons and one Sugar Shell. SUPERIOR PLATE CO., 19 Park Place, N.Y.

EAGLE FOUNTAIN PEN (retails for $1.00) sent postpaid on receipt of 25 cents. Iowa Novelty Co., Dubuque, Iowa (Box 115).

Ladies' Fancy Garters beautiful high colors, embossed buckle, satin ribbon bows post paid 30c. Kincheloe & Co., 150 W. 6th St., Chicago, Ill.

LANDS here produce good Corn and Small Grain. Prices low. Carey Land Agency, Mt. Vernon, S. Dak.

S. N. U. No. 50—1902

IN writing to Advertisers, please do not fail to mention you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

TRY MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR PILES

Cascarets CANDY CATHARTIC THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP



ANNUAL SALE 10,000,000 BOXES Greatest in the World

A MILLION AMERICAN BEAUTIES keep their blood pure, their complexion soft and clear, their breath sweet and their whole bodies active and healthy with CASCARETS Candy Cathartic. The quick effects of CASCARETS as system cleaners and blood purifiers; their promptness in curing pimples, boils, blotches, liver-spots, blackheads, and in sweetening a tainted breath, have become known through the kind words of ladies who have tried them. Hence the sale of nearly A MILLION BOXES A MONTH. The quickest, surest, way to beauty is to cleanse the blood, for Beauty's Blood Deep. The first rule for purifying the blood is to keep the bowels free, gently but positively. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic are the only medicine to do it. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

[...] women and doctors do [...] recognize the real symptoms [of] derangement of the female [...] until too late.

[...] terrible pains along my [...] for two years and suffered [...] I was given different [...] wore plasters; none of [...] helped me. Reading of [...] Lydia E. Pinkham's [...] Compound has brought [...] somehow felt that it was [...] and bought a bottle to [...] glad I am that I did so; [...] brought me immense relief [...] using three bottles more [...] life and blood surging [...] veins. It seemed [...] had been a regular house [...] through my system, that all [...] and poison had been taken [...] life given me instead. [...] dozens of my friends to use [...] Pinkham's Vegetable [...] Good health is indispensable to complete happiness, and Pinkham's Vegetable [...] has secured this to me." LAURA L. BREMER, Crown Point, Indiana, Secretary Ladies Relief Corps.—$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

Every sick woman who does not understand her ailment should write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free and always helpful.

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

WANTED Ladies to learn to read fortunes by cards. Hundreds of ladies make good incomes by this means. Why not you? Send 10 cents silver for directions. Address [illegible], 300 Main Street, Worcester, Mass.

No. 50—1902

SCROFULA CURED. Cancer Cure tested and conquered that dread disease. [illegible] Englewood, Chicago, Ill.

BANK OF ANTIOCH,

EDWARD BROOK,
BANKER

Buy and Sell Exchange, and do a General Banking Business.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 55 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH

Lv. Chicago.		Ar. at Antioch
8:35 AM—	No. 5, Daily ex Sunday	10:38 AM
1:30 PM—	No. 7, Daily ex Sunday	3:15 PM
4:00 PM—	N. 13, Daily	6:30 PM
8:30 AM—	Sunday Special	10:40 AM

GOING SOUTH

Lv. Antioch.		Ar. Chicago.
6:50 AM—	No. 14, Daily	10:00 AM
11:17 AM—	No. 8, Daily ex. Sunday	1:55 PM
4:20 PM—	No. 6, Daily ex Sunday	6:15 PM
9:06 PM—	No. 2, ...Daily.....	10:55 PM

W. F. ZIEGLER. Agent, Antioch.

LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting Neighbors always welcome

W. R. WILLIAMS, V. C.,
C. M. CONFER Clerk.

SEQUOIT LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the First and Third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethern always welcome.

L. M. HUGHES, Sec. E. L. SIMONS, W. M.

MARK TWAIN'S FIRST EARNINGS.

Made After Deliberation Worthy of a Philosopher.

While traveling recently, Mark Twain was asked by a friend and fellow-passenger if he remembered the first money he had ever earned.

"Yes," answered Mr. Clemens, puffing meditatively on his cigar, "I have a distinct recollection of it. When I was a youngster I attended school at a place where the use of the birch rod was not an unusual event. It was against the rules to mark the desks in any manner, the penalty being a fine of $5 or public chastisement.

"Happening to violate the rule on one occasion, I was offered the alternative. I told my father, and, as he seemed to think it would be too bad for me to be publicly punished, he gave me the $5. At that period of my existence $5 was a large sum, while a whipping was of little consequence, and so——" (here Mr. Clemens reflectively knocked the ashes from his cigar) "well," he finally added, "that was how I earned my first $5."

A Timely Suggestion.

This is the season of the year when the prudent and careful housewife replenishes her supply of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is certain to be needed before the winter is over, and results are much more prompt and satisfactory when it is kept at hand and given as soon as the cold is contracted and before it has become settled in the system. In almost every instance a severe cold may be warded off by taking this remedy freely as soon as the first indication of the cold appears. There is no danger in giving it to children for it contains no harmful substance. It is pleasant to take—both adults and children like it. Buy it and you will get the best. Always cures. For sale by all druggists.

Find of Petrified Bodies.

Nine petrified bodies have been found in the cemetery attached to the New York Infant asylum at Mount Vernon. The asylum was closed recently and the land was sold to a syndicate that purposes to develop the property. Three hundred bodies are to be transferred to the Kensico cemetery. The bodies have the appearance of white marble. The soil is sandy.

The Pride of Heroes.

Many soldiers in the last war wrote to say that for scratches, bruises, cuts, wounds corns, sore feet and stiff joints, Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the best in the world. Same for burns, scalds, boils, ulcers, skin eruptions and piles. It cures or no pay. Only 25 cents at W. T. Hill's drug store.

Too Wideawake.

In 1876 Philadelphia held an exhibition in honor of the completion of the first hundred years of the Great American republic. It was called the Centennial. The show drew vast crowds from all parts of the United States. There was one young man from out West who seemed specially interested in the art galleries. He stood quite a long time in front of a bronze statue which had seized his fancy. After awhile he asked an attendant whom the figure represented. "That's Rienzi, the last of the Tribunes," explained the official.

"No, you don't," retorted the young man from the country. "My pop's taken the Tribune ever since it started, and I know that the last of the Tribunes ain't Ry-en-zee, but a man named Whitelaw Reid!"

Mr. Reid, in point of fact, was editor of the New York Tribune. But that is a mere detail. The youth did not mean to be imposed upon.

"Forever and a Day."

The other day Sir Charles Wyndham, the actor, was given a dinner in London at which he made a speech declaring that he would [illegible] his friends' kindness "for ever and a day," which phrase, which [illegible] be

I Coughed

"I had a most stubborn cough for many years. It deprived me of sleep and I grew very thin. I then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was quickly cured."
R. N. Mann, Fall Mills, Tenn.

Sixty years of cures and such testimony as the above have taught us what Ayer's Cherry Pectoral will do.

We know it's the greatest cough remedy ever made. And you will say so, too, after you try it. There's cure in every drop.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

HAD HIS LESSON LEARNED

Pupil in Mr. Rockefeller's Sunday School Gave Good Answer.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., as is well known, is an ardent Sunday School worker and superintends a gathering of youngsters every Sunday. His experiences are not unlike those of other religious workers and the answers to some of his queries are amusing. In fact, one answer was embarrassing rather than amusing.

He desired to encourage the members of his class to commit to memory certain bible verses. Sometimes the teacher would quote a portion of the sentence, halt, and almost involuntarily the student would complete it.

"The earth is the Lord's?" suggested the teacher.

The boy could not continue.

"And the fullness there——" encouraged Mr. Rockefeller.

"Belongs to the Standard Oil company," added the pupil.

A Million Voices.

Could hardly express the thanks of Homer Hall, of West Point, Ia. Listen why: A severe cold had settled on his lungs, causing a most obstinate cough. Several physicians said he had consumption, but could not help him. When all thought he was doomed he began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and writes; "it completely cured me and saved my life. I now weigh 227 lbs." It's positively guaranteed for coughs, colds, and lung troubles. Price 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free at W. T. Hill's.

Cold Tea?

According to the Kennebec Journal, a man who traveled over the Damariscotta fair ground, after the crowd had left, picked up 219 bottles ranging in capacity from a half pint up to two quarts. The paper fails to state what the bottles originally contained, but it is easy to surmise.

Skin Retains Life.

Detached bits of human skin live two to ten days.

Men with high voices arways think that basso singing is their special forte.

Saved at Grave's Brink.

"I know I would long ago have been in my grave," writes Mrs. S. H. Newsome, of Decutur, Ala., if it had not been for Electric Bitters." For three years I suffered untold agony from the worst forms of indigestion, waterbrash, stomach and bowel dyspepsia. But this excellent medicine did me a world of good. Since using it I can eat heartily and have gained 35 pounds. For indigestion, loss of appetite, stomach, liver, and kidney troubles Electric Bitters are a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50 cents at W. T. Hill's drug store.

Possibilities of the Trolley

The ramifications of the trolley systems of this country are a source of never-ending wonder. Routes fifty and seventy-five miles long from the different large cities are common. So rapid has been the growth of the trolley throughout New England and the Middle States that within five years, it is predicted, one will be able to travel from Augusta, Me., to Chicago, and even much further west. The network of lines comprising this system will represent 7,500 miles.

The Pope's Poems.

The Pope's poems of 112 pages are sold in Italy at twopence a copy. The first was written in 1822, when he was a boy of twelve.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure.

Digests all classes of food, tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs. Cures dyspepsia, indigestion, stomach troubles, and makes rich red blood, health and strength, Kodol rebuilds worn-out tissues, purifies, strengthens and sweetens the stomach. Gov. G. W. Atkins, of W. Va., says: I have used a number of bottles of Kodol and have found it to be a very effective and, indeed, a powerful remedy for stomach ailments. I recommend it to my friends. For sale by W. T. Hill.

Cobra Kills Python.

A giant cobra, fourteen feet long, and a python, measuring eleven feet, had a deadly combat in Perak, Straits Settlements. The python endeavored to crush the life out of his adversary, but the cobra inserted his poison fangs and was the ultimate

STOP:

The Lagest

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Is a member of the Associated Press the only Western Newspaper receiving the entire telegraphic news service of the New York Sun and special cable of the New York World—daily reports from over 2,000 special correspondents throughout the country.

PER YEAR **ONE** DOLLAR

LOOK AT ME

Number of Best Papers Ever Offered FOR THE MONEY

The Antioch News

The Antioch News gives you all the Home and County news at all times.

Iowa Homestead

Is the greatest Agricultural and Live Stock paper published in the west.

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Farmers' Institute editions are the best practical editions for the promotion of farming.

The Poultry Farmer

Is a practical poultry paper for the farmer, upon the care and raising of poultry

Weekly Inter Ocean

The Chicago Inter Ocean contains news from all parts of the world, stories, etc.

The Iowa Homestead

All our farmer readers should take advantage of the unprecedented clubbing offer we this year make which includs with this paper

The Iowa Homestead,
Farmers' Institute Edition,
The Poultry Farmer

These three publications are the best of their class and should be in every farm home.

Never was so much superior reading matter offered for so small an amount of money. The three papers named, which we club with our own, are well known throughout the West and commend themselves to the reader's favorable attention upon mere mention. The homestead is the great agricultural and live stock paper of the West; The poultry farmer is the most practical poultry paper for the farmer, while the special Farmers' Institute Editions are the most practical publications for the promotion of good farming ever published.

PER YEAR **TWO** DOLLARS

The above papers mailed to any address for..... **$1.90** The regular price of the above papers is $4.00

Sample copies at this office or mailed to any address

Cures Eczema, Itching Humors.

Especially for old chronic cases take Botanic Blood Balm. It gives a healthy blood supply to the effected parts heals all the sores eruptions, scabs and scales, stops the awful itching and burning of eczema, swellings, suppurating, watery sores, etc. Druggists $1. Sample free and prepaid by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice sent in a sealed letter. No 2—48y1

NO LAUNDRIES IN CHINA.

Sailor Ponders Over What to Him is a Mystery.

"It's the funniest thing to me," said an old sea captain who for many years was in the China trade, as he settled himself comfortably back in his chair and blew a few rings of smoke into the air, "that nine out of every ten Chinamen who come to this country open laundries and engage in a business which does not exist in their native land.

"As everyone knows, the Chinese at home wear soft cotton and woolen garments, according to the season, and there is not a pound of starch in all China. Stiffly starched clothes are unknown, and the Chinese men do not do the washing, as they do in this country. Neither is there any regular laundry in the Flowery Kingdom. Therefore it is more than passing strange that Chinamen should all come to America to engage in a trade so foreign to their home industries."

Better Than a Plaster.

A piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on the affected parts, is better than a plaster for a lame back and for pains in the side or chest. Pain Balm has no superior as a liniment for the relief of deep seated, muscular and rheumatic pains. for sale by all druggists.

Whittier as a Statesman.

In the course of a lecture delivered in Boston a few evenings ago Col. Thomas Wentworth Higginson surprised his audience by saying that in the early '20's Whittier, the poet, evinced a strong liking for politics and wanted to go to congress, but could not be nominated because he lacked a few months of the required age. Whittier, the lecturer said, had a born aptitude for the management of men, and his brief political experience from which he was turned aside by the cause of anti-slavery placed him in a rather unfavorable light and was somewhat remarkable considering the high moral standard of the man.

Valuable Badge of Office.

The Lord Mayor of London wears a badge of office which contains diamonds valued at $600,000.

Cats Accused of Witchcraft.

Scottish cats were accused of witchcraft as far back as 1591. In that year when King James of Scotland was crossing from Denmark a great tempest arose at sea. This was supposed to have been caused by a "christened cat" being placed in the vessel by witches. The following is an extract from an old pamphlet: "Againe it is confessed that the said christened cat was the cause that the kings majestie's shippe had a contrarie wind to the rest of the shippes in his companie, for when the rest of the shippes had a fair and good winde, then was the winde contrarie and altogether against his majestie."

Foils a Deadly Attack.

My wife was so ill that good physicians were unable to help her, writes M. M. Austin, of Winchester, Ind., but was completely cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills. They work wonders in stomach and liver troubles. Cure constipation and sick head ache. 25 cents at Hills drug store.

PEANUT CURE FOR INSOMNIA.

Sufferer Asserts They Give Sure and Prompt Relief.

Peanuts as a cure for consumption are widely known and believed in, says the Philadelphia Record. Now a Roxborough man comes forward with a peanut cure for insomnia. He says of it: "I had been a poor sleeper for five years. Violent exercise, drugs and other remedies had given me no relief. Finally, at the suggestion of a vegetarian, I tried the peanut. I put beside by bed a bag of peanuts newly roasted, shelled and salted, and on my first attack of insomnia I ate fifty, masticating them very thoroughly—giving in fact twenty-five chews to each nut. While taking this large dose, I felt a gradual drowsiness stealing over me, and as soon as the dose was ended I feel asleep. Since that time I have always kept fresh peanuts by me at night. They have never failed."

What's In A Name?

Everything is in a name when it comes to Witch Hazel Salve. E. C. DeWitt & Co. of Chicago, discovered, some years ago, how to make a salve from Witch Hazel that is a specific for piles. For blind, bleeding, itching and protruding piles, eczema, cuts, burns, bruises and all skin deseases DeWitt's Salve has no equal. This has given rise to numerous worthless counterfeits. Ask for DeWitt's—the genuine. For sale by W. T. Hill, Druggist, Antioch.

Cosmopolitan London.

It is said that there are more Irishmen in London than there are in Dublin, more Scotchmen than in Edinburgh, that half of Soho is French, and the whole of Saffron hill Italian.

A Good Suggestion.

Beerbohm Tree, the London actor, has a daughter, Viola, who shows strong artistic tendencies, though she does not wish to enter the profession in which her parents have been so long prominent. When quite a little girl she begged her father to get her a pony. "But, my dear," said he, "a pony costs a lot of money." Little Viola considered a moment and then said: "Well, why don't you act better and then you would get more money."

If you feel ill and need a pill
Why not purchase the best?
DeWitt's Early Risers
Are little surprisers,
Take one—they do the rest.

W. H. Howell, Houstan, Tex., writes—I have used Little Early Riser pills in my family for constipation, sick headache, etc. To their use I am indebted for the health of my family. For sale at W. T. Hill's.

NOT WHAT WAS EXPECTED

Bishop Randolph's Gift Might Have Been More Appropriate.

Bishop A. M. Randolph of the diocese of Southern Virginia, a ripe scholar and eloquent preacher, is the gentlest of men—and the most absentminded.

A struggling country rector who may be called Smith had a very needy parish, and a very manly little boy who was fond of dogs. Now, the bishop has a fund for the aid of needy parishes, and the country rector had been trying a long time to get some of this fund for his poor people. At a convocation in Norfolk the bishop called to the rector:

"Come to see me to-night, Smith. I want to talk to you."

Smith went with high hopes, sure that he had landed a slice of that fund. The bishop greeted him cordially, and after some desultory talk it came out that Mr. Pierpont Morgan han just made the bishop a present of a fine collie. The gift embarrassed the good man.

"I cannot keep him here in town," said he. "Mrs. Randolph won't have him. Couldn't I get Everard to take him to the country and keep him for me?" Everard was the rector's boy.

The shepherd of the poor flock concealed his disappointment as much as possible, and agreed that Everard should take the dog. Then, just as he was going away the bishop called after him in his mildest tones:

"I hope the dog won't give you any trouble, Smith. He makes night hideous. It takes two people to take care of him."

That was the bishop's last word.

Firing is Expensive.

The cost of firing a single shot from a 16-inch gun would pay a private British soldier for five years.

Wanted.

We would like to ask through the columns of your paper, if there is any person who has used Green's August Flower for the cure of indigestion, dyspepsia and liver troubles that has not been cured—and we also mean their results, such as sour stomach, fermentation of food, habitual costiveness, nerveous dyspepsia, headaches, despondent feelings, sleeplessness—in fact, any trouble connected with the stomach or liver? This medecine has been sold for many years in all civilized countries, and we wish to correspond with you and send you one of our books free of cost. If you never tried August Flower, try a 25 cent bottle first. We have never known of its failing. If so something more serious is the matter with you. The 25 cent size has just been introduced this year. Regular size 75 cents. At W. T. Hill's. 1

PROOF THAT HE'D GROWN TIRED

Why the Young Wife Went Home to Her Mother So Suddenly.

The young bride's mother gently stroked her weeping daughter's hand and tried to comfort her.

"Surely it cannot be true," she protested. "Why, you have been married but two months! George cannot have tired of you so soon as that."

"Oh, but he has," sobbed the young bride, pitifully. "I am sure of it. I have seen that he has been growing colder and colder every day until yesterday," she wailed. "Yesterday he asked me to go out riding with him in his new automobile."

It was enough. Sternly her mother directed the broken-hearted girl to pack up her things and come home at once.

A Cold Wave.

The forecast of sudden changes in the weather serves notice that a hoarse voice and a heavy cough may invade the sanctity of health in your own home. Cautious people have a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure always at hand. E. H. Wise, Madison, Ga., writes: "I am indebted to One Minute Cough Cure for my present good health, and probably my life. It cures coughs, colds, LaGrippe, Bronchitis, Pneumonia and all throat and lung troubles. One Minute Cough Cure cuts the phlegm, draws out the inflammation, heals and soothes the mucous membranes and strengthens the lungs. For sale by W. T. Hill, Druggest.

Knew All About It.

Wederly—What makes you think the widow who just moved in next door is childless? Mrs. Wederly—I was talking to her across the back fence to-day and she told me how I ought to raise my little girl.—Chicago Daily News.